

## St. Louis Houses as Wedding Presents

Beautiful homes given by fond fathers to brides at marriage are newest earnest of parental benediction of "God bless you, my children."

The Next Sunday Post-Dispatch.

# ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Only Evening Paper in St. Louis With the Associated Press News Service.

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PRICE ONE CENT

NIGHT  
EDITION  
FINANCIAL MARKETS  
SPORTS

## SENATORS IN ANGRY DEBATE ON BRYAN ASSAIL EACH OTHER

Bristow Says Ashurst Franked  
\$100 Worth of Telegrams and  
Is Accused of Job Seeking.

### INQUIRY RESOLUTION LOST

Democrats, With Two Republicans Defeat Move to Stop  
Bryan's Lectures, 41 to 29.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—In the Senate debate today, which preceded the squelching of the Bristow resolution against Bryan, much entertainment was furnished by a clash between Senators Ashurst and Bristow.

A charge that the Senator from Arizona had "used \$100 of public funds" to pay for telegrams that should have been paid for out of his own pocket was made by Bristow. Ashurst denied it and Bristow agreed to produce the telegrams to prove his charge.

Senator Ashurst read a letter intended to show that Bristow, years ago, had expressed a wish to be an Isthmian Canal commissioner, with the suggestion that he need not spend much time "on the job."

"Since I have been a member of the Senate," shouted Bristow, shaking a finger at Ashurst, "I have not spent \$100 of the funds of the United States to carry telegrams to my constituents, as has the Senator from Arizona, many of which should have been paid for by himself."

Dares Him to Show Proof.

Senator Ashurst denied the charge absolutely and "dared" Bristow to produce proofs. The whole allegation, he replied, was "wholly without foundation."

Bristow reiterated that the Senator has sent at public expense telegrams pertaining to private business."

The letter which precipitated the row was one Bristow had written to Senator Chester I. Long, May 27, 1906.

"I think I would like to have one of those advisory places on the Canal Commission," it said. "They pay \$7500 and require a visit to the Isthmus once in three months. I could hold it and live in Kansas, being there at least half my time, and when the fight got hot I could design."

By secret party vote the Senate Democrats succeeded without debate in tabling Bristow's resolution aimed at Secretary Bryan's proposed six weeks' lecture tour.

The resolution would have called on President Wilson to advise the Senate what salary would be sufficient to keep Mr. Bryan continuously at his post and was prompted by the Secretary's public announcement that he was obliged to augment his pay of \$12,000 a year by lectures to meet his living expenses.

Senators Poindexter and Borah voted with the Democrats to table the resolution. The vote was 41 to 29.

Bristow Ruled Out of Order.

As the vote was announced, Senator Bristow faced the Democratic Senators and declared:

"You may shut off debate in the Senate, but you cannot convince the American people that a Secretary of State may neglect the duties of his office for three months of the year."

Vice-President Marshall ruled that Senator Bristow was out of order.

"It would be just as reasonable for the Attorney-General to take three months off a year to practice law," shouted Senator Bristow, who refused to be shut out. "I think there is a condition before the country that should demand the attention of Congress and the administration in power."

Vardaman Enters Debate.

"Are you really comprehensive?" interjected Senator Vardaman, a Democrat, "that the business of the State Department will suffer because Mr. Bryan is occasionally away?"

"It has been said since this discussion began," replied Senator Bristow, "that the State Department is better off with the Secretary away than with him here. I believe if the Secretary would give to the problems before him the power of his great intellect, he could perform a great service to the country."

"Whether the subordinates in his department are better fitted to attend to the duties than he, I do not know."

Senator Fall suggested that if Secretary Bryan had remained at his post the Senate would have had an answer to its resolution of April 24, asking for the amount of damages to victims of Mexican troubles.

"Aside from the technical and legal questions of the right of a public servant to sell his services twice, the public announcement by Mr. Bryan that a man of his well-advanced democratic talents cannot live on an income of \$12,000 a year presents a moral question for the consideration of the American people," declared Senator Townsend, Republican, of Michigan.

"The question is simply this, whether under the circumstances it is the duty of citizens and the public servant to modify his style of living to bring it within his legitimate income or whether it is his privilege to reveal his services in order to cover the cost of the style of living he has adopted."

Senator Townsend's speech was an attack upon the Secretary of State for his proposal of making paid lectures during his tenure of office to increase his income.

He declared other Cabinet officers

### NO PROSPECT OF RELIEF FROM HEAT TONIGHT OR TOMORROW IN ST. LOUIS

Official forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Fair tonight and Saturday; no material change in temperature; light to moderate winds.

#### THE TEMPERATURES.

1 a. m.	82	9 a. m.	89
2 a. m.	83	10 a. m.	91
3 a. m.	84	11 a. m.	92
4 a. m.	81	12 noon	90
5 a. m.	80	1 p. m.	90
6 a. m.	82	2 p. m.	90
7 a. m.	83	3 p. m.	91

Yesterday's Temperatures.

High, 101 at 4 p. m. Low, 75 at 5 p. m.

Today's Temperatures.

High, 101 at 4 p. m. Low, 75 at 5 p. m.

Tomorrow's Temperatures.

High, 101 at 4 p. m. Low, 75 at 5 p. m.

Wednesday's Temperatures.

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Thursday's Temperatures.

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## INDEFINITE DELAY LIKELY ON A. & M. FREE BRIDGE BILLS

No Light Thrown on Backers of Promoters at Special Council Hearing on Measures and the Assembly Is Expected to Adjourn Soon Until Fall.

### COUNCILMEN OPPOSE ANY HASTY ACTION

Setting of Date for Bonds  
Vote Favored; if There Is  
No Legislation in the  
Meantime Reber Approach  
Will Continue to Stand.

Following the Council hearing Thursday night, on the Kiel-Kinsey administration ordinance authorizing the construction of an East Side approach to the free bridge along the right-of-way of the Alton & Mississippi Bell Railway and Transportation Co., Council leaders told a Post-Dispatch reporter that action on the proposed ordinance will be postponed indefinitely. The Assembly is expected to adjourn July 25, and reconvene about Oct. 10.

Before the summer recess is taken, however, the Assemblymen favor the passage of an ordinance setting a date for the special election to vote bonds for the completion of the bridge. This can be done immediately. If no further legislation on the approach question were enacted, the present located Reber approach would stand, as the ordinance providing for its construction never has been repealed.

Councilman Rower, after the meeting, said that he knew as much or as little as he had ever known about the Alton & Mississippi and he was disappointed at not learning the names of the financial backers of the enterprise.

#### Rest for the Assembly.

"The weather is bad," said Rower, to the Post-Dispatch reporter. "and the Assembly is entitled to a rest. I think the bridge talk is beginning to wear on the nerves of the people. We are not ready, I believe, to pass on the Alton & Mississippi route without the most complete information concerning the company, its financial status and the project of building a railroad in conjunction with the city of St. Louis.

"I have decided to call another public hearing of the Railroads Committee, to which other members of the Council will be invited, to hear the arguments of the Alton & Mississippi promoters. At the same time, I do not see how the Assembly can act on this bill unless the members are ready to stay here all summer.

Councilman M. M. Reber, Ardenes voiced the sentiment of the five other members of the Council when he de- scribed to the Post-Dispatch reporter that it was useless to consider the Alton & Mississippi proposition until the company was prepared to make known its identity to the Assembly.

"It strikes me as the height of impudence for a little clique of promoters to demand attention from this Assembly when they refuse the simple courtesy of presenting cards of identification," said Ardenes. "The company, on its own showing, is entitled to no consideration. Why don't its representatives come before us with open hands, if they expect to get a friendly hearing? Why should city officials or the Assembly waste time on a corporation capitalized at \$25,000 with a 'dummy' board of directors, seeking to make the City of St. Louis the tail of their kite on the free bridge problem?

"I don't believe the members of this Assembly have any idea of giving this 'bunch' any serious thought, notwithstanding the fact that the ordinances have been drawn under the direction of President Kinsey of the Board of Public Improvements."

Gerhart Opposes Bills.

Gerhart was addressed by J. W. Haberman, a counsel for the Alton & Mississippi, and Frank H. Gerhart and Cornelius Fauntleroy, who spoke in opposition to the pending bills. Haberman said that the bills accepting the proposed Alton & Mississippi approach were the work of President Kinsey, of the B. P. I., and not of his company and therefore he did not feel called upon to advocate their adoption. There were some features of the bills, Haberman added, to which his clients probably will object. He said he preferred to hear what might be said regarding the bills and that not later than next Tuesday he would send to the Assembly a formal communication setting forth the views of the Alton & Mississippi on the measure.

President Kinsey said that he attended the meeting solely to learn what comments would be made on the approach bills.

"If there is anything wrong with the approach involved in these bills, I want to know it," he said.

Frank H. Gerhart told the committee that there was nothing in the ordinance under consideration to prevent the Terminal Association from acquiring at any time 51 per cent of the stock of the Alton & Mississippi road and keeping St. Louis now, as it has for years, at its mercy.

"If the Alton & Mississippi plan goes through the free bridge will be subject to the rights of private contract, with an alien corporation, having nothing in common with the city of St. Louis, and the city will have lost its paramount rights of eminent domain," said Gerhart.

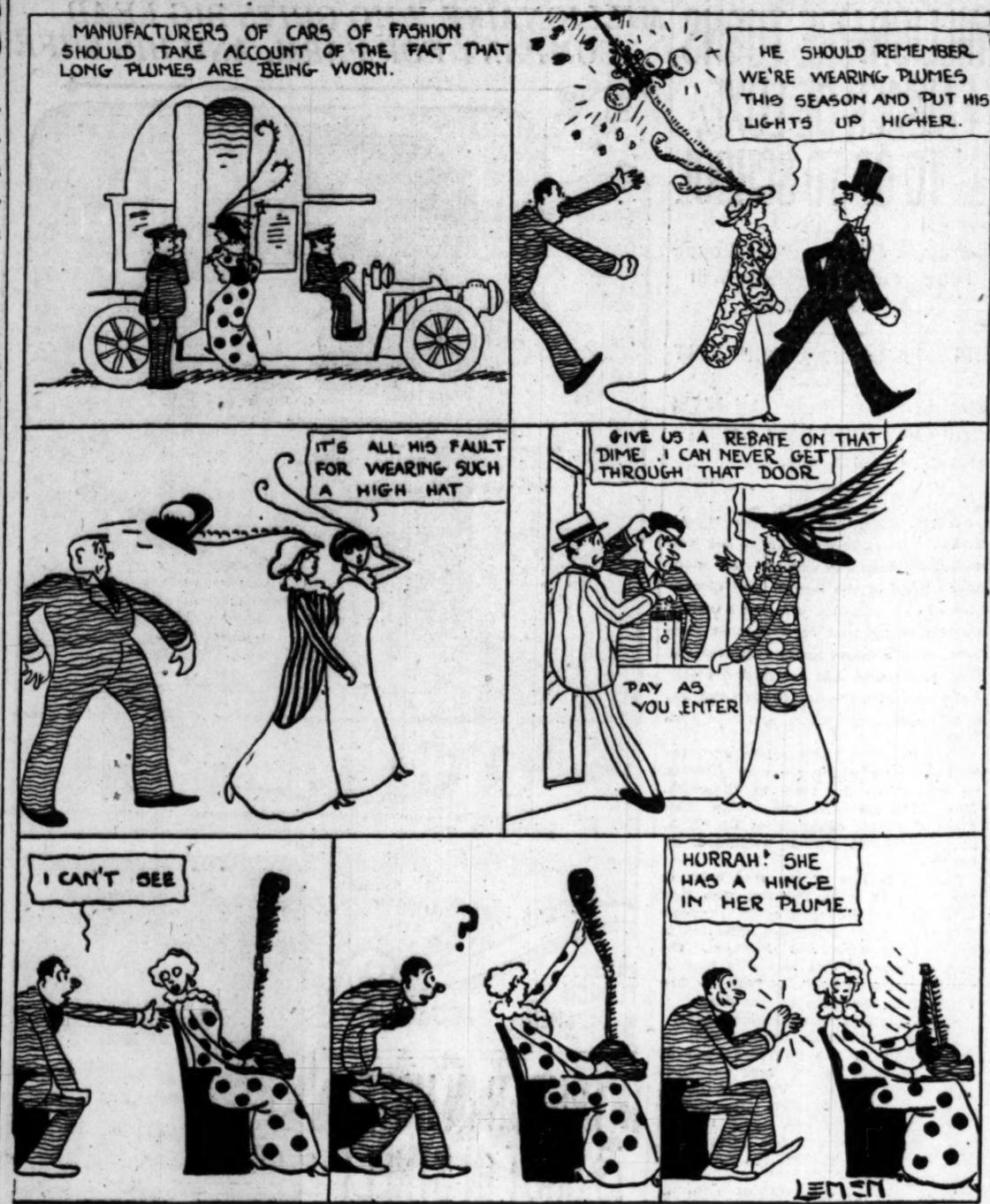
#### Rights of St. Louis.

The power to condemn land conferred upon the city of St. Louis in connection with the bridge is paramount to the rights of the State of Illinois, but it is to go into this bridge deal with a

## New Way to Get a Rebate

A Paris court has just granted a \$200 rebate from an automobile manufacturer to Count de Kergorlay because the roof of the limousine he purchased was too low to accommodate the high plumes which the Count's wife wore on her hat.

MANUFACTURERS OF CARS OF FASHION  
SHOULD TAKE ACCOUNT OF THE FACT THAT  
LONG PLUMES ARE BEING WORN.



### How Lecturing Pays Better than Statecraft

WASHINGTON, July 18.—FOR his lecture at Mountain Lake Park W. J. Bryan received a guarantee of \$250, one-half of all receipts over \$500, probably making several hundred dollars more, and all expenses.

His salary for the day as Secretary of State was \$38.33.

few real estate speculators and the approach is built along the right of way connecting with their proposed railroad, St. Louis may as well turn over the bridge to the Terminal monopoly and stop its efforts to free the traffic of this city from that competition-throttling corporation.

"Ninety per cent of the traffic originates from the northeast, and it is proposed to build the approach to the bridge to the southeast, going away from the traffic. Isn't that suggestion monstrous folly? Last year \$7,000,000 in freight were transported across the Mississippi River at St. Louis according to the figures compiled by the Merchants' Exchange. Thirty million tons originated east of the river and the balance west of the river. Now, of this 30,000,000 tons, if the toll was 10 cents, there would be added \$3,000,000 a year to the burden of St. Louis commerce, provided the road would be required to pay that sum for the use of the free bridge terminals on the east side of the river.

"Now, the bills before you show that the Alton & Mississippi is to name the terms under which the other roads are to use its belt line, and I would not say that 10 cents is an unreasonable charge on a ton of freight. But why should the Alton & Mississippi, any more than the Terminal or any corporation, be placed in a position to dictate terms to roads crossing the Mississippi River over the municipal bridge?"

"It strikes me as the height of impudence for a little clique of promoters to demand attention from this Assembly when they refuse the simple courtesy of presenting cards of identification," said Ardenes. "The company, on its own showing, is entitled to no consideration. Why don't its representatives come before us with open hands, if they expect to get a friendly hearing? Why should city officials or the Assembly waste time on a corporation capitalized at \$25,000 with a 'dummy' board of directors, seeking to make the City of St. Louis the tail of their kite on the free bridge problem?"

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## BOARD ACCEPTS RESIGNATION OF CHARLES MELLEN

New Haven Road President to  
Retire as Soon as a Successor  
for Him is Chosen.

By Associated Press.  
NEW YORK, July 18.—Charles S. Mellen's resignation as president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co., was accepted by the directors this afternoon.

The resignation is to be effective upon the appointment of his successor, whose selection was left in the hands of a special committee.

It has been suggested in some quarters that Howard Elliott of the Northern Pacific might succeed him and that the change would take place not later than the end of the Mellen administration.

Announcement of Mellen's resignation followed a long meeting of the directors, most of whom, including William Rockefeller and J. P. Morgan, were present.

No Surprise in Street.

In railroad and financial circles Mellen's decision will excite no surprise. In fact, during the day in Wall street and elsewhere it was generally understood that the day would mark virtually the end of the Mellen administration.

Charles Sanger Mellen, whose recent management of the New Haven road has given rise to considerable criticism, became president of that system in October, 1893, resigning from the presidency of the Northern Pacific Railway at the request of J. P. Morgan, who regarded Mellen as the man best fitted to rebuild the chaotic transportation lines of the New England State.

Mellen's immediate predecessor, John M. Hall, had managed the road with all the conservatism which marked the administration of corporate affairs, especially in New England, in the previous decade. Mellen's advent was the signal for a vast scheme of construction, embracing not only the Boston & Maine and Maine Central Railroad, but all the leading steamship lines between New York and Boston and intermediate points, as well as numerous trolley lines in Connecticut, Massachusetts and New Hampshire. The capitalization of the New Haven System increased enormously under the continuous outlays accruing from the acquisitions.

The steady decline of New Haven shares in the local and Boston stock markets has been a matter of comment for several years. New Haven, which for many years sold at and above 200 and for a long period below 8 per cent dividends, recently went below par in anticipation of a cut in the dividend, which was reduced to 8 per cent.

Mellen Under Indictment.

Alleged mismanagement of the New Haven and wrecks which were costing many lives finally resulted in definite action and a committee of New England stockholders, led by George von L. Meyer, former Secretary of the Navy, was organized to make an investigation of the road's affairs. That committee's experts are now at work on the company's books.

Mellen is under Federal indictment for alleged violation of the anti-trust laws and an indictment for manslaughter, resulting from the Westport, Conn., wreck of last year, is also hanging over him.

It is known that an influential factor in the road's favor is the sale of the company's water lines and many, if not all, its trolley roads. It is believed the New Haven also will relinquish the Boston & Maine Road.

According to the exhaustive examination made by the New Haven System, its assets are estimated at close to \$500,000 against liabilities of \$300,000.

## BRYAN TO RETURN FOR CONFERENCE WITH H. L. WILSON

He Will Hurry From Lecture  
Engagement When Mexican  
Ambassador Arrives.

By Wire From the Washington Bureau of the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Secretary of State William Jennings Bryan, at Mountain Lake Park, Md., delivered one of the lectures he has scheduled for the next six weeks to add to his salary as a member of President Wilson's Cabinet.

He came back today to attend the Cabinet meeting on Mexico and will pack his trunk, call in his typewriter and prepare a list of lectures which he will deliver next week and in the five succeeding weeks.

Bryan will be back in Washington next Wednesday or Thursday to attend the conference between the President and the Ambassador to Mexico, Henry Lane Wilson. Thus the "Commander-in-Chief" will have to lose some of his profits by canceling two, or possibly more, lectures.

"The people don't want the Reber approach," he said, "and we have got to give them what they want. The Alton & Mississippi proposition looks good to me and I take pleasure in giving it my endorsement. At the same time, I favor any approach which the Assembly decides on, so long as the northeast approach is left out of consideration."

### LABORER SELLS PRICE OF FIVE BEERS FOR \$6.50

About to Spend Coin in Saloon  
When Bystander Notes  
Date Is 1805.

While William Tipton, a laborer, was engaged from the annual report of the Illinois Railroad and Warehouse Commission statement concerning the assets of the Alton & Mississippi Co.

It was shown that the company owns 57 acres of land worth about \$7,000, against which there is a mortgage of \$25,000, the total amount of the company's capital stock. Michael Feinberg of Chicago is president. Gerhart phrased the point that the Alton and Mississippi Co. is a foreign corporation and any dispute with the city would take to the Federal courts.

Illinois Board Report.

Gerhart prefaced his remarks by reading from the annual report of the Illinois Railroad and Warehouse Commission statement concerning the assets of the Alton & Mississippi Co.

They contend then," said he, "that Congress had no right to grant to the City of St. Louis power to condemn land for a bridge approach and they fought us in the courts on that proposition and lost.

"That unfair adversary, the Alton & Mississippi, is now trying to make terms with the city."

"No Private Bargains."

"As for Mr. Kinsey's part in the drafting of this ordinance, I have only to say that Mr. Kinsey, on two or three occasions, once before a meeting of the Real Estate Exchange, went on record in favor of the northeast approach to the bridge and declared it was the real solution of the problem. But, gentlemen, I am not insisting on the northeast approach."

"An approach that will be as constructed to free the commerce of the city. I care not where it extends, will be satisfactory to me. But the city itself must own the approach and control it for all time. There must be no private bargains made with private corporations on behalf of the citizens of St. Louis."

Kiel's Solution of Problem.

Major Kiel, when the Alton & Mississippi proposition was submitted to the Assembly, announced that he thought the adoption of this approach would solve the bridge problem. He announced himself as unequivocally opposed to the Northeast or Gerhart ap-

proach to the bridge and said he would likely have to ask for the repeal of the Reber approach ordinance.

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"What's the use of spending that for two or three little drinks? I'll give you enough for it to buy a barrel of beer."

"How much will you give?" asked Tipton.

"Oh, \$6.50."

"Pay me," Tipton remarked, as he shoved the coin towards the stranger. He paid for the drinks out of the \$6.50 and went back to the excavation to see if he could dig up any more old money.

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## PRESIDENT'S CHIEF PURPOSE IS TO GET FACTS ON MEXICO

Washington Suspects Exaggeration and Ambassador Wilson's Reports Even Have Said One Thing One Day and Given Different Version the Next.

### BANKERS BELIEVED TO BE IN INTRIGUE

Limantour, in Paris, Blamed for Spreading Reports in Effort to Obtain Recognition of Huerta and Assure a Loan.

By Associated Press. WASHINGTON, July 18.—Consideration of the Mexican situation took much of the time of the President and the Cabinet at a regular session today. Secretary Bryan had a long conference with the President before the other members arrived. Although reports are coming in from various sources, the administration is looking forward to first-hand information from Ambassador Wilson, on his way from Mexico City.

It again was stated authoritatively that the attitude of the administration still was unchanged.

The Mexican problem immediately facing President Wilson is ascertaining the true state of affairs throughout that disturbed republic. When the President has obtained this information, he will be able to reply to the nation which two days ago inquired of the State Department whether the United States intended recognizing President Huerta of Mexico and what it intended doing toward ending the rebellion in Mexico.

Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson left Vera Cruz yesterday afternoon for Key West. He is expected to reach Washington Wednesday or Thursday.

For weeks the President and Secretary of State have been receiving contradictory reports from him. One day he would state that all was quiet, and the next day would give accounts of fighting and political intrigue. The reports from consul and consular agents stationed throughout Mexico were much the same.

#### Parties Said to Be False.

The President and his advisers have reached the conclusion that many reports of depredations and intrigues are false, or at the least, greatly exaggerated. They were forced to the opinion that the reported demonstrations in Mexico City, a few days ago, against Americans were fomented and manufactured by a small group of Mexicans, who are trying to force the United States Government into recognizing Huerta.

A few days ago four or five foreign representatives in Mexico signed a document, which they sent to their governments, and which stated that there was anti-American feeling in Mexico and that Americans were held responsible for the continued warfare there. They added that the failure of President Wilson to recognize Huerta largely was responsible for the chaotic conditions throughout the republic.

Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson knew of the action of the foreign representatives. He did not inform the State Department of it. The first news the State Department and the President received of such action was when the representative of Great Britain had before Secretary of State Bryan the substance of the report his office had received from Mexico.

It was denied at the State Department that any demand for prompt action by the United States in Mexico had been made by any government. It was said the representations made consisted of laying reports in Mexico before the Secretary of State.

The impression is general that some of the foreign bondholders in Mexico have conspired to send out misleading reports. France is a heavy investor in Mexican utilities and government bonds. The value of these bonds have depreciated considerably in the last few months.

#### Limantour a Conspirator?

Limantour, Minister of Finance under President Porfirio Diaz, who has been in Paris since the downfall of Diaz two years ago, is looked upon as the engineer in the intrigue, to which Paris bankers are parties. If the United States would recognize Huerta, he would be able to borrow money with which to purchase arms, ammunition and soldiers. With these munitions of war it would be a question of only a few months, the conspirators believe, before the revolution would end.

The much-heralded Mexican loan of \$100,000,000 never has been received by Mexico. Paris bankers have been unable to sell the bonds. Limantour engineered the loan through the Paris banks.

Until he has conferred with Ambassador Wilson, the President will take no step in the matter. Officials said H. L. Wilson's going back to Mexico City depended on "his own advice and account of the situation."

#### U. S. Asks Mexico to Send Troops to Protect Durango Americans.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—In response to Consul Hamm's request for protection for Americans in the Durango section, the State Department has demanded action from the Mexican federal authorities. The department went further than usual in that it requested the federal government to dispatch troops from Torreon.

Consul Hamm previously has reported foreigners irrespective of nationality being held by revolutionaries for ransom in Durango. The prisoners at one time included the Archbishop of Durango.

## MRS. RAY BELMONT IN BATHING SUIT ON NEW JERSEY BEACH, AND HER HOME

Mrs. Belmont's Summer Home.



Mrs. RAYMOND BELMONT  
POSED FOR WORLD PHOTOGRAPH

NEW YORK, July 18.—It is cool, very cool, on the porch where Mrs. Raymond Belmont sits in pajamas, and it is also pleasant weather on the Keansburg, N.

### GIRL BATHER WHO WAS UNCONSCIOUS 7 HOURS, REVIVED

Miss Estelle Clements, 19, Went Into Fairground Pool Too Soon After a Meal.

### MULHALL BOUGHT MEALS FOR MAN NOW A CANDIDATE

McClave 'Had a Lot of Money,' Testifies Lobbyist, 'But He Wanted Us to Pay Bills.'

Continued From Page One.

of the N. A. M. at the Chicago convention which nominated Taft for President when letters, telegrams and reports had been read into the record. The officials of the association manifested undisguised admiration for their own achievement in preventing T. R.'s convention from putting anything into the platform for Taft that would be to it and to satisfy the labor interests.

#### Private Look at Platform.

As a matter of fact, it appeared from the correspondence that Arthur L. Vorys, Taft's personal representative, suggested that the N. A. M. officials come to Chicago a week or so before the convention to have a "private look at the platform." In a letter to Emery, Schwedtman, secretary to President Van Cleave of the N. A. M., had asked, "What is the best way to influence the drafting of this platform in the right direction?" The nomination of the late James S. Sherman for Vice-President was viewed as a most extraordinarily brilliant coup because T. R. and Taft were undeniably opposed to him.

Charles E. Blume, manager of the bottling department of the American Brewery, 2646 Nebraska avenue, accompanied by A. C. Goellner, a hotel proprietor and the brewery's agent at Wentzville, St. Louis County, stopped in the buffet of E. E. Gulon on Sixth street, near Olive street Thursday afternoon to visit Gulon, who has long been their friend.

They were seated at a table with several others for while, when Blume casually called the brewer on the telephone to find out if there was any business message for him. He was asked to find Goellner, the brewery's agent who had just received a message from Wentzville that Goellner's 12-year-old son, Willie, had been drowned while in swimming with Blume's 15-year-old son, Archie.

Blume was almost overcome by the news, but went to the table, where he broke the news as gently as possible to Goellner. Others at the table were talking and laughing and did not hear what Blume said.

Laughter Hushed.

Their laughter was suddenly hushed when Goellner, overcome by grief became hysterical, and it was only after several minutes that they were able to calm him sufficiently to get him to an automobile to take him to Union Station. Blume accompanied him to Wentzville.

The two boys, with a third, went swimming Thursday afternoon in a creek near Wentzville. Neither the Blume boy nor the Goellner boy could swim, though the former had been swimming with his boy for a long time. In some manner the Goellner boy got beyond his depth and gave a cry for help.

Although unable to swim, the Blume boy jumped into the deeper water in an effort to save his companion. The third boy went in after the two others. He managed to save the Blume boy.

Summoned Help From Town.

The two boys ran to town a mile away and summoned help. Archie Blume, in showing a man where the boy had gone down, threw a rock into the water. The man dived and brought up the boy's body. Physicians worked over the body a long time.

The message telling of his death was sent to the American Brewery, Goellner having come to St. Louis on business.

Some New Jersey Democrats, who naturally want to see McClave defeated, called the attention of Senator Reed to portions of the Mulhall correspondence.

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## BUSH TO BUILD FEEDER LINES FOR WESTERN PACIFIC

Missouri Pacific Head Tells Policy for Unified Management of Roads to Coast.

By Associated Press  
SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—More money—lots of it—and feeders for the Western Pacific Railroad are the first things to be considered following its consolidation into unified management with the Denver & Rio Grande

and the Missouri Pacific railroads. Benjamin F. Bush, president of the latter road, who has arrived here with a staff of railroad officials, thus outlined his policy.

"The Western Pacific has to have money," he said, "and we all know the money market is tight. I raised upwards of \$40,000,000 for the Missouri Pacific and Rio Grande under far more discouraging conditions, and I don't think there will be any tremendous obstacles in the path of getting enough money for the Western Pacific.

"The road now resembles a bridge from Salt Lake to San Francisco. It hasn't any feeders. We propose to build feeders for it."

Alexander Robertson, Bush said, will be assistant to the president, of the three roads, and J. M. Johnson, traffic director of the Missouri Pacific & Rio Grande, will extend his jurisdiction to include the Western Pacific. One general manager for the three roads will be named later.

Finley Shepherd, Bush said, has been

### WANTED SECRET WEDDING

St. Louisan Offered \$1 at Belleville, but Was Refused.

Joseph Trockta, 28 years old, and Anna Lenze, 29, both of South Broadway, St. Louis, were so eager to be married secretly that they went to Belleville. When they applied for a license to J. C. Boquet, Trockta told him he wanted the issuance of the license kept secret and said he would pay a dollar for the favor.

When Boquet told him he could not suppress the news Trockta said he would go back to St. Louis and be married.

The Post-Dispatch is the only evening newspaper in St. Louis that receives or publishes news gathered by the Associated Press.

## SIMON AND GOLTRA IN HEATED TALK ON ST. LOUIS BIG CINCH

"You Belong to It," Said Physician to National Committeeman at Press Club Carnival.

When Dr. John H. Simon, recent Democratic nominee for Mayor, and Edward F. Goltra, national committeeman, met on the board walk at Delmar Garden at the Press Club carnival Wednesday night, passersby heard a brief discussion of the last city campaign, the "Big Cinch" and the St. Louis postmastership. Dr. Simon did most of the talking.

A man who was standing near and who considered he had a right to remain, as he was there before Dr. Simon and Goltra were, told the Post-Dispatch Friday of his recollections of the campaign.

Dr. Simon, when the listener's version was repeated to him, said that it was correct, and that, while he had not expected that his remarks would be published, it might be a good thing to make known some of the views he expressed to Goltra.

Goltra, who went to Chicago after the carnival, was said to be on his way to Omaha when an attempt was made to reach him by long-distance telephone at the Blackstone Hotel, Chicago, to ask his version of the affair.

Simon Tells of "Big Cinch."

According to the version of the dialogue given to the Post-Dispatch, and confirmed by Dr. Simon, the two met, remarked that they had not seen each other for some time, and then fell to discussing the St. Louis postmastership. Dr. Simon is backing Col. M. Seltz for Postmaster, and Goltra is said to be supporting Philip C. Scanlan, who has the active backing of Goltra's friend, former Mayor Wells.

"It would be a fatal mistake," said Dr. Simon emphatically, "to let the Big Cinch name the Postmaster of St. Louis."

"Will you please tell me?" Goltra rejoined, "who is in the Big Cinch? I have heard a lot about the Big Cinch, and I have been trying for a long time to learn who its members are."

"Well," the big physician blurted out, "you're one of the Big Cinch yourself, and Rolla Wells is another."

"Where does the Big Cinch meet?" persisted Goltra.

"In the St. Louis Club and the Noonday Club," Dr. Simon replied. "There may not be a president, secretary and treasurer, but they meet all the same, and do their best to control finance, politics and public service corporations, and even to dictate who shall get into society."

"Why, one of the St. Louis Club waiters, who was a patient of mine, told me that two weeks before the election, Wells and two other Big Cinchers met and formed plans to beat me, and put up contributions for my defeat."

"I don't know about that," replied Goltra, rather testily. "I know I supported you, made speeches for you and gave money to your campaign."

"Had to Support Me," Says Simon. "You had to support me," said Simon. "Your position on the National Committee required it. But in those speeches you talk about, you never once mentioned my name—just spoke for the ticket. The ticket never gave over the fact that, for once, you didn't control the party in the primary."

"Why?" Simon retorted. "On 'Rolla Wells' son scratched my name from the ballot at the April election openly, ostentatiously, in the presence of the election officials, on the judge's table, not even going into a booth to do it."

Says Seltz Scratched Wells.

"I'm not responsible for what Mr. Wells' son did," replied Goltra. "But I'll tell you what your man Seltz did. He scratched Wells in the election of 1905, and voted for Talty for Mayor. How's that for party regularity in a man who's claiming the postmastership?"

"I never heard of that before," said Simon, surprised by this thrust at Seltz. "But if he did that, it wasn't as bad as Wells working against me, after the honors the party has given him, and not as bad as his voting twice, if not three times, against Bryan for President."

By this time the two saw that their wrangle was attracting attention, so they bade each other goodnight and forgot politics in enjoying the carnival.

Nugent's Employees' Picnic Saturday, July 19, at Forest Park.

The 1500 employees of D. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co. enjoy their annual picnic at Forest Park on Saturday next. A great day has been planned. The firm has provided 12 big roomy motor trolley cars to take all to the grounds. Games, races and dances will be afternoon and evening pleasures. Twenty-five elegant prizes have been provided, ranging in value from a \$25 suit of clothes to \$1 in cash.

A band of music, 15 pieces, will accompany the picnickers and render dance music until 11 p. m. Several prize waltzes, etc., are on the program for the evening.

The girls of the store have arranged numerous concessions, such as a gypsy tent, popular voting contests, etc. Many humorous events are scheduled, such as wheelbarrow races, potato races, egg and spoon contests, tug of war, etc.

COW DERAILS CAR; 3 HURT

Car Bounces 20 Yards and Stands on End.

ROCKFORD, Ill., July 18.—Three persons were seriously injured early today when a Rockford interurban trolley car struck a cow west of this city. The car was derailed and after bouncing along 20 yards stood on end.

Gust Anderson was catapulted through the vestibule and badly cut about the head. Fred Collins and Conductor Morgan suffered wrenched backs and Mrs. Cora Gilbert of Winslow, Ill., was slightly cut about the chest. The injured were brought here to a hospital by farmers.

### DRAFTS FOR \$580 TAKEN BY PICKPOCKETS ON CAR

Illinoian Robbed on Way to Delmar Garden — Salesman Loses \$39 on Another Car.

Street car pickpockets stole a wallet containing drafts for \$580 and \$39 from the pocket of John D. Jansen of Pekin, Ill., when he and Jessie Black, a friend, were riding on the rear platform of a Delmar car to Delmar Garden Thursday evening. Jansen told the police they were about half way to the garden, and his friend having boarded the car at Eighteenth street, when a man rushed

from inside the car, said he had to get right off, crowded Jansen against some other men and then got out. Jansen lost his purse in this crush, he told the police.

George D. Russell, 46, a salesman, who stays at the Marquette Hotel, was robbed of \$38 when on a Vandeventer car at Olive street.

40 Killed in Burning Sulphur Mine.

PALERMO, Sicily, July 18.—A sulphur mine near Castel Termini, caught fire while many miners were at work. There was a terrible struggle to escape from the deadly fumes and it is estimated that 40 of the men were killed.

PAINTER IS SLUGGED BY 3 MEN AND BADLY HURT.

Paul Richter's Eyes Are Closed and It Is Thought His Skull Is Fractured.

Paul Richter, 34 years old, married, a painter, residing at 2225 College avenue, was taken to the city hospital from Eleventh and Pine streets, at 11:30 p. m. Thursday, after he had been slugged by three men. His eyes were closed, his scalp was lacerated, and it was thought his skull was fractured.

According to the Central station

police report, Richter, who is in business at 1226 Market street, had an argument with three painters employed by another concern, and these men attacked him. He furnished to the police the names of Eddie Hines, Fred Cox and John Sontag. The police are trying to find these men. Richter said he did not know what caused the attack.

Keokuk Light for St. Charles.

The St. Charles electric light is now furnished by power from the Keokuk dam, received here from the company's substation at Page avenue, St. Louis.

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## IN WATER UP TO NECK 31 HOURS; 5 MINERS RESCUED

Last Night's Work Ends With Recovery of Last of the 15. Minnesota Miners.

EVENING, Minn., July 18.—After standing in water up to their necks in pitch darkness for 31 hours, five miners were rescued last night from the Spruce Mine No. 1.

The men were trapped in the mine by a rush of water. Through interpreters the men, all foreigners, told their story. They heard the guards warn the men when the water started rushing down the shaft, but they drew back at the sight of the swirling torrents. As the water crawled up they were submerged to their armpits. They attempted with picks and shovels to dam the drift. For a time they were unsuccessful, but at last they were able to check the water. With water up to their necks, they waited for the rescuers, whom they heard working.

When the crew had blasted to within 40 feet, they made signals which were heard by the rescuers. Large chunks of debris fell about them.

Relatives of the entombed men cried for joy when they appeared at the surface. The 15 men, imprisoned Wednesday have been rescued.

### Recovered From Severe Lung Trouble

Plenty of fresh air and good food are necessary for those suffering from lung trouble, but something more is needed to bring about a speedy recovery. Alternative is a medicine for throat and lung troubles, and so many reports have been received showing that it brought about good results in a number of cases which were declared hopeless, that all sufferers who are not on the mend with this medicine, investigate what it does for others. Investigate this.

—Continued: Madison Lake, Minn., December 18, 1912, March 1913, and September 1913. I was taken with hemorrhages of the lungs, which caused me to my bed, and time to my bed. My doctor advised me to go West.

In November I started for Denver, Colo. After my arrival I met Michael Eckman, a man who had been in the service of the government, urged me to take Eckman's Alternative. In about two months I began to feel better, and I began to gain in size and improved fast. In March, 1913, I returned home, and am entirely well with a good appetite and sleep well. When I left Denver my weight was 180 pounds, and when I returned home my weight was 190 pounds.

—Continued: JUL. L. FASNACHT. (Above abbreviated; more on request.) Eckman's Alternative has been proven by many cases to be a valuable medicine in cases of severe Throat and Lung Ailments, Bronchitis, Grippe, Coughs, Stomach Colds, and in upbuilding the system. Does not contain narcotics, poison or any bad drugs. Price, \$1.00. Sale by Rabotau Drug Co., Weiss-Wilson Drug Co., Judge, Dolph Drug Co. and many leading drugstores. The Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia. For a full listing of recoveries and additional evidence.

**Kline's**  
509 Washington Av.

### WAISTS

Special Values for Saturday Morning

Remember we close Saturdays at 6 o'clock sharp, so in order to share in these special values you must come early.

**\$1.25 Values for**



50 dozen of those popular frill Waists, in dotted and embroidered voiles, just received — like cut—with long or three-quarter sleeves—actual \$1.25 values—Saturday morning, as a special attraction, they go at 90¢.

### Balkan and Middy Blouses

Just 25 dozen of all those popular Blouses, all in various materials with collar and cuffs in red and cedar blue—long or short sleeves—\$1.25 values—90¢ Saturday morning at.... 79¢

## SAM WEIL 14th & Olive Sts. Going Out of Business

Everything Going and on This Sacrificing Basis

Arrow Collars . . . 10¢  
All Suits . . . \$5 and \$10  
Straw Hats, 95¢ and \$1.45  
\$1.00 Shirts, only . . . 45¢  
and AGLE STAMPS

## TARIFF IS CUT 27 PER CENT; SURPLUS TO BE \$2,000,000

Final Slash, Made by the Senate, Amounts to 4 Per Cent From House Minimum.

### READY FOR DEBATING

Farmers Get Benefits, Aside From Ultimate Free Sugar, Wool and Cotton.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—An average reduction of 27.6 per cent from the rates of the existing Payne-Aldrich tariff is made in the Underwood-Simmons measure upon which the Senate began general debate today, according to the report of the Finance Committee majority submitted by the chairman, Senator F. M. Simmons.

The report also shows that the bill, as reported to the Senate, provides rates 4.2 per cent lower than the Underwood bill as it passed the House and that from it, together with other Government receipts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914, there will be an estimated surplus in the Government treasury of \$2,020,000.

**Big Addition to Free List.**  
A salient feature of this bill, it is pointed out, is the large increase of imports to be admitted free of duty. Under the House bill the value of free-listed imports, on the basis of 1912 participation, was \$105,000,000. The Democrats of the Senate in caucus, by sweeping changes propose to free list imports valued at \$147,307,000, an increase in undutiable imports over the House bill of \$42,307,000.

Upon the basis of 10 months for the coming fiscal year the report estimates that the receipts from customs alone under the new bill will be \$226,730,000, from income tax for 10 months, \$58,320,000; corporation tax, \$27,000,000; internal revenue, including tax on cotton futures, of \$5,000,000, and that the revenue from all other sources will bring the total for the fiscal year to \$396,310,000. With disbursements, estimated for the committee by the Treasury experts at \$994,720,000 a balance is shown in favor of the Government of \$3,020,000.

In analyzing its changes in the House bill the committee deemed the amendments of the House entirely too drastic, particularly the authorized examination of books of foreign manufacturers, a 5 per cent tariff discount on imports in American ships and other like features which were stricken out.

**Arranging Retaliatory Tariff.**  
Particular attention is called to the Senate provision "designed to furnish the President with power to impose tariff duties of a retaliatory character upon all articles comprised in a specified list," which includes many agricultural products. "For some years," says the report in referring to this retaliatory provision, "there has been a development of maximum and minimum tariffs abroad, and in not a few instances the Government of the United States has been compelled to see its citizens subjected to harsh and discriminating tariff treatment abroad without being able, under the law, to afford relief."

Of another important feature added by the Senate committee, a tax of one-tenth of one cent a pound on cotton sold through stock exchanges for future delivery, the report says:

"The committee believes the subject matter to be one fit for the imposition of a proper tax, not only because of its indirect influence in eliminating a parasite which has afflicted the business of dealing in purchases of cotton for future delivery, but because it will result in the collection of a considerable sum of revenue from a source which in its usual operation produced abnormal profits from a business that is not susceptible of just taxation in any other way."

**Income Tax Rearranged.**  
Reduction of the basic exemption from \$3,000 to \$4,000 for married persons, and the consequent rearrangement of this, the report comments upon as follows:

"Your committee reduces the amount of exemption of the net income to \$3,000 and allows on account of marriage an additional exemption of \$1,000 to either the husband or wife where they are living together, but not to both. In the case of a minor child or children living with and dependent upon parent such parent is allowed an additional exemption of \$500 for one minor child up to \$1,000 on account of minor children except where both parents are taxable, in which case no exemption is allowable on account of children. By the amendment the lowest possible exemption to any one person must be \$3,000 and the highest possible exemption to any one person \$6,000."

**Persons Get Recognition.**  
The changes in all the schedules are dealt with at length in the report. Of agricultural products many of which were transferred to the free list in addition to those put there by the House, the committee has this to say:

"The House bill and amendments made by the Committee on Finance fully recognized the paramount interests of our agricultural population by placing agricultural implements of every kind and description, fence and railing wire, cotton bagging and ties, low-priced blankets, boots and shoes, cement, nails, lumber, coal, harness, saddles, cotton gins, wagons, carts, bagging for grain, wool and other bags, sewing machines and many other products of daily utility, on the free list. In common with the rest of our people, our agricultural population will share in the benefits brought about by the reduction of the duties on sugar and its eventual elimination. The substantial reductions made all along the line on cotton and woolen

goods, wearing apparel of every description, on crockery, household furnishings, hardware, tools and similar products, these factories will receive a considerable part of the burden of tariff taxation now borne by the farmer as well as the dweller in the city and the laborer in factory, fields and mines."

**Metal Cut a Slap at Trust.**  
The sugar and wool schedules are left unchanged as to free sugar and free raw wool, but exactions by the Senate Committee in wool tops and yarns are explained, and sweeping reductions in the metal schedule are treated in the report with considerable comment. Pig iron, ferromanganese and other products were placed on the free list by the committee and the report says:

"The House bill places iron ore upon the free list mainly because it was found that the domestic supply of iron ore was largely controlled by the party in power upon that subject."

**St. Catherine's Picnic.**  
Members of St. Catherine's Parish will give their first annual picnic Saturday afternoon at Guerne Park, Pine Lake, on Natural Park road.

The program of athletic sports will commence at 8 o'clock. Prizes will be presented to winners.

**Former St. Louisan Ends Life When Wife Departs**

### FORMER ST. LOUISAN ENDS LIFE WHEN WIFE DEPARTS

William Davidson Shoots Himself in Springfield, Ill., Because of Despondency.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 17.—William Davidson, 34 years old, travelling salesman for a cement company of St. Louis, killed himself this afternoon in his room in a hotel here by shooting himself through the heart.

Despondency caused by his wife leaving him a week ago is given as the cause for his suicide. Mrs. Davidson departed a week ago for Kansas City to make her home with her sister. Until a year ago Mr. and Mrs. Davidson were residents of St. Louis.

**Father John's Medicine for Lungs**

That are weak. Builds new strength.

Public Library Branch—2d Floor.

Weather—Fair.

Public Phone Station—2d Floor.

**Stix, Baer & Fuller D. C. Co., Grand L. Hotel**  
Entire Block—South Washington, Seventh and Lucas

## We Keep "Shop" But Half Day Tomorrow and Every Saturday During July and August

This store was the pioneer in advocating and in putting into effect the Saturday half holiday.

Our workers appreciate the half holiday, and our patrons have shown that they are in hearty accord with the movement by their willingness to co-operate in any way, and mainly by shopping early on Saturday mornings.

The Sixth Floor Restaurant will remain open every Saturday during July and August until two o'clock, for the benefit of those who enjoy dining in the city's coolest and most delightful eating place.

### Timely News From the Bathing Suit Section



#### 50c Bathing Caps, 35c

Made of pure gum rubber, and come in a splendid assortment of colors. These regular 50c Caps will be offered Saturday until 1 o'clock at 35c. Other Bathing Caps, 75¢ to \$2.50.

#### Women's \$3 Bathing Suits Special, \$1.98

Made of excellent quality all-wool brillantine, trimmed with rows of white soutache braid. Bloomers and waist attached and skirt separate. Come in black only, in all sizes from 34 to 44-inch bust measurement. Special Saturday until 1 o'clock, \$1.98. Other Bathing Suits, \$2.50 to \$24.75.

**Bathing Shoes, 25c**  
A good assortment of white and colored canvas Bathing Shoes on sale Saturday until 1 o'clock at 25c. Other Bathing Shoes, 50¢ to \$2.50. (Third Floor.)

### Furnishings for Men

The following and many other accessories for men will be priced most attractively here up to 1 o'clock tomorrow.

#### 50c Underwear, 25c

Men's Poroskin Shirts, short sleeves and knee-length Drawers. Come in white and ecru. Assorted sizes.

#### Men's \$1 to \$1.50 Shirts, 60c

Negligee and Plaited-Bosom Shirts, of madras, percale and other materials. Laundered or soft French turnback cuffs, collar attached or detached. All sizes.

Extra—Men's \$1 to \$1.50 Pajamas, 85c

Made of corded madras and percale, in plain colors or striped effects. V-shape neck or military collar. Silk frog trimmed. Assorted sizes. (Main Floor.)

#### Men's Shoes Reduced

Because of anticipated changes in the Men's Shoe stocks, we are desirous of closing out all lines of Men's \$3 to \$5 Shoes in the quickest possible time.

Included are High Shoes, in button, lace and blucher effects—Oxfords, in button, lace and blucher effects—all styles, patterns and lasts, in tan, vic kid, patent and gunmetal.

We have made discounts of 3/4 and 1/2 as follows:

\$5 Oxfords are \$3.34.

\$4 Oxfords are \$2.67.

\$3.50 Oxfords are \$2.34. (Main Floor.)

\$5 High Shoes are \$3.75.

\$4 High Shoes are \$3.

\$3.50 High Shoes are \$2.62. (Main Floor.)

### These for Saturday's Early Comers

#### Candy Specials

40¢ full Cream Caramels, 25c Pound. Saturday. 25¢ Pecan-filled Dates, 1b. 25¢ Burnt Almonds, pound. 25¢ Assorted Brittles and Taffies, Saturday, at pound. 15¢ French Mixed Candy, 1b. 25¢ Grand-Leader Chocolates, 25¢ to 60¢ lb. (Main Floor.)

#### 65c Hammocks, \$4.45

Couch Hammocks of heavy brocade, Steel frame, national wire springs, combination mattress. Complete with windshield. Saturday, until 1 o'clock, 65c. (Main Floor.)

#### 75c Lilas Vegetal, 48c

Pinaud's Lilas Vegetal, sells regularly at 75¢ bottle, until 1 o'clock Saturday (limit of two bottles to a customer, no phone or mail orders), at bottle, 48¢ (Main Floor.)

#### 25c Neckpieces, 15c

Embroidered Collar and Cut Sets, Dutch Collars, Jabots and Frills, in the newest shapes and styles—regularly 25¢ and 35¢ Saturday, until 1 o'clock, choice, 18¢ (Main Floor.)

#### Veilings, 10c Each

Mesh Veilings, in length of 1/4 to 1 1/2 yards—at least fifty different patterns, and in all colors. While the lot lasts, 10¢ each. (Main Floor.)

#### 25c Stockings, 15c Pair

Women's Silks, Plain Lisle and fancy Novelty Stockings, in black and colors. Reinforced in soles, heels and toes. Until 1 o'clock Saturday, pair, 15¢ (Main Floor.)

#### \$2.50 Parasols, 85c

White embroidered linen Parasols, black and white striped, also a few silk Parasols, in tans and blues. Usually sold at prices up to \$2.50, choice Saturday, 85¢ (Main Floor.)

#### 35c Handkerchiefs, 15c

Men's Handkerchiefs of excellent quality, large size, with narrow hem, regular 35c quality, special Saturday, until 1 o'clock, 15¢ each. (Main Floor.)

#### Children's Socks, 15c

Come in black and colors, with plain and fancy tops. Made with extra reinforcements. Saturday, until 1 o'clock, regular 25c quality, at pair, 15¢ (Main Floor.)

#### 25c Printed Voiles, 10c

Extra fine quality Voiles—white backgrounds, with neat fancy Juoy patterns. 28 inches wide. Saturday, until 1 o'clock, 10¢ (Second Floor.)

#### 25c Mommie Crepes, 10c

Come in white backgrounds with printed Juoy designs. Saturday until 1 o'clock, or while the lot lasts,

## LORD BARRINGTON SEEKS A PARDON; HOUCHIN AIDS HIM

Recent Gubernatorial Candidate and Mrs. Gates Help in Getting Signatures.

"Lord" F. Seymour Barrington, serving a life sentence at Jefferson City for the murder of J. P. McCann in St. Louis County in June, 1903, will have a hearing before the State Pardon and Parole Board on June 26, and his petition and recommendations in shore for presentation. James A. Houchin, prison contractor and recent aspirant to the governorship, is helping him, and several members of the Legislature have signed his petition.

Barrington, who has insisted that the body found in the Bonfire quarry pond was not McCann's, now says he believes J. P. Mabrey, footrace swindler, is McCann.

The circumstances of Barrington's case twice have been reviewed, once by the Missouri Supreme Court, which affirmed his death sentence, and once by Gov. Folk, who commuted the sentence to life imprisonment, not because of the doubt of the prisoner's guilt, but because of aversion to the death penalty.

Woman Aids the "Lord." Mrs. Lillian E. Gates of 4928 Magnolia avenue has been an active worker in Barrington's behalf, and has obtained a number of the signatures on his petition.

Barrington's spectacular St. Louis career, the climax of a life of deceit and crime, was one of the most memorable episodes of the year before the World's Fair.

Barrington is just now denying that he is George Frederick Barton. He hitherto has denied this, and other facts of indisputable record, about his career. His identity as Barton was established beyond doubt by comparison of the Bertillon records of St. Louis and Scotland Yard, London, and by the joining together of photographs of Barrington and Barton, made to scale. The features fitted together perfectly to form the face so familiar to St. Louis newspaper readers of a decade ago.

He was an embezzler with a record of English prison terms and a gambler when he came to St. Louis early in January, 1903. He had just abandoned his third wife, a Philadelphia girl of good family, in Cincinnati, after getting her money.

The day after Barrington became a guest at the Southern Hotel, a matrimonial advertisement mentioning an "honorable English gentleman" (38) of high social rank, who desired to correspond with a "refined, non-mercenary, eligible lady," appeared in St. Louis papers.

Married Kansas City Girl.

The answers were apparently not satisfactory, for Barrington removed from the Southern to the home of Mrs. R. R. Elliott at 4388 West Bell place. Mrs. Elliott's young sister, Wilhelmina Grace Cochrane of Kansas City, Kan., was visiting her, and Barrington, attracted by the girl's beauty, was ready to believe that she was a wealthy packer's daughter. She denied it. Barrington was the owner of "Melrose Castle, Brixton, England." In fact, Miss Cochrane's family was in moderate circumstances, but she had a father and brother with true American spirit. As soon as they learned of her marriage to the Englishman, they suspected that something was wrong, and hurried to St. Louis. Arriving, and sizing up Barrington as a fraud, they kicked him down the steps of the Elliott home. For "conduct tending to provoke a breach of the peace" Barrington was sent to the workhouse.

In April, 1903, Mayor Wells pardoned him, and a few days later the sign "Lord Barrington's Buffet" appeared over the entrance of a gaudy saloon on Broadway.

At the saloon he picked up an acquaintance with John P. McCann, horseman and all-round sporting man. McCann had money, and he spent it on Barrington.

On the night of June 13, 1903, Barrington and McCann were together on a St. Charles car, and got off at Bonfire station, near the Missouri River. Two shots were heard from the woods soon afterward, and McCann's pleas for mercy reached the ears of a watchman.

The cries were stilled as the murderer, after twice shooting him, cut McCann's throat.

Barrington wound enough circumstantial evidence about himself to hang a dozen men. He returned wearing McCann's hat and coat, carrying his cane, and with McCann's money and watch in his pocket. He went to Mrs. McCann and told her that McCann had been kidnapped by two men and some women in a carriage, and that Barrington had been known impossible to try to defend him. Barrington was arrested, released, and re-arrested when, June 27, McCann's body was found.

## Society

### If Going Away for the Summer

you will want all the news from home. Have the POST-DISPATCH follow you. Change address often as you like. Please furnish both old and new address with each order.

Before leaving arrange with your carrier or write the POST-DISPATCH or phone Olive 6600—Central 6600.

M. R. AND MRS. B. W. BERRI of 302 Botanical avenue announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Anna May Berrill to Donald C. Parsons of St. Louis. The wedding will take place in the fall.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Hollister of 1111 Chouteau avenue announce the engagement of their daughter, Mrs. Anna May Hollister to Dr. George W. Blumhau-

Laura, to Roy G. Endres, son of E. Endres, retired Post Quartermaster Sergeant, of 2012 Horizon place. The wedding will take place in September.

Dr. and Mrs. Ira C. Young of 4496 Laclede avenue will leave in a few days for a tour of the West, accompanied by their children. Mrs. Young and the children returned recently from Canada, where they were visiting for some time.

W. L. Smith of Grand avenue, his sis-

ter Miss E. Marie Smith, and their uncle, N. Knapp, departed Friday morning for a two weeks' motor trip through Illinois.

Miss Anna Scheer of Arco avenue has returned after a month's visit to her sister, Mrs. J. J. Schilling of Minneapolis, Minn.

A surprise party was given to Miss Gertrude le Page of 1216 Monroe street Saturday evening. Those present were:

Misses Clara Hegel, Grace Sadler, Agnes Hacay, Esther Whitted, Leona Kreck, Clara Humble, Victoria Vorhmann, Genevieve Decker, Florence Suabedissen, Viola Foelck, Maggie Duffy, Virginia le Page, Anna Sadler; Messrs. Harry Rebels, Jim Neumann, Ray Stumberg, Ben Gudry, Arthur Hoevel, George Eagen, E. Temmle, S. Neumann, Paul Henfrey, Edwin Hegel, Louis Hesse, George Frankey, Jim Jordan.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward W. White, 5601

Cates avenue, and their family, Masters Theodore, Darr and Benedict and Miss Helen White, have gone to Montreal, Canada, to visit Mr. White's family for a short time, and will go from there to the Muskogee Lakes for the summer.

Mrs. L. Grossman of 5942 Bartmer avenue and her family have gone to Excelsior Springs, Mo., to spend the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene H. Angert have closed their apartment at 636 North

Spring avenue and have taken the D. M. Boyd home in Kirkwood for the summer.

Mrs. Smith P. Galt of Vandeventer place and her son, Alexander, have gone to their cottage at Wequetoonsing for the summer.

Mrs. Soulard LaMotte, who has been at the Wequet Hotel in Wequetoonsing since June, has taken the Hamilton cottage for the remainder of her stay.

FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 18, 1913.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH.

# WONDERFUL

## EMERGENCY SALE

It is really wonderful. From the opening hour of this sale up to the time this paper went to press, our store has filled with smart shoppers taking advantage of every opportunity presented them. It was also a well-known fact that this TREMENDOUS SUCCESS arises purely from our long standing REPUTATION of thirty years, thus the public is convinced that this is not a "fly by night scheme," but a genuine

gotten up purposely to raise \$25,000 in the next thirty days for important business reasons. READ EVERY LINE—EVERY ITEM OVER CAREFULLY AND COME PREPARED EXPECTING TO GET THE BIGGEST VALUES EVER OFFERED. THIS IS A BARGAIN CHANCE FOR EVERY MAN IN ST. LOUIS. FOLLOW THE CROWDS TO THIS STORE WHERE YOU WILL FIND THE BIGGEST INDUCEMENTS AND WHERE YOU WILL FIND EVERYTHING JUST AS IT IS ADVERTISED. YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO MISS THIS SALE. COME TODAY AND PUT IN YOUR SUPPLY FOR A YEAR TO COME. YOU MAY NEVER GET ANOTHER CHANCE.

**\$10 to \$12 Suits, \$4.98**

Here we have in all, about 800 Suits, odds and ends, worth up to \$12. These are all new lots, but somewhat broken, still we will be able to fit anyone out of some of these lots. The trousers alone are worth more than we are asking for these suits, but as a special inducement we are going (as you might say), give them away in this Emergency Sale for

**\$12 AND \$15 SUITS WILL GO AT \$7.98**

Just Think—A perfect suit of clothes, made in snappy patterns and in the newest style, handsomely trimmed and guaranteed in fit and workmanship. If you saw one of these suits, you would not dare to hesitate a minute about buying one, as you will agree it will not take a judge to tell that this is a real bargain in this Emergency Sale for

**\$22.50 & \$25 Suits to Go at \$12.98**

Here we will be able to give you as good a suit of clothes as any man could care to have. These suits are the productions of America's finest and best clothing manufacturers, firms whose reputations are known from coast to coast. Their individual guarantees alone are sufficient proof, which covers everything in the way of clothes making, so we find it needless to go into any details regarding these garments. During the Emergency Sale they go at,

**\$4.98**

### PANTS DEPT.

**"KEEP COOL" CLOTHING**

\$2.00 Pants, all sizes	95c	48c
and good patterns	95c	\$2 Alpaca and Mohair
\$4.00 Pants, all sizes and	1.95	Coats
good patterns	1.95	\$4 Alpaca and Mohair
\$6.00 Pants, in blue	2.95	Coats
serges, light and	2.95	\$6 Alpaca and Mohair
dark patterns	2.95	Coats
		\$10 Tub Wash
		\$3.98
		\$15 Silk Mohair
		\$7.98
		\$20 Silk Mohair
		\$9.98

50c Silk Hose; all colors.

23c Boston and Paris Pad Garters.

15c 25c Wash Ties.

**\$12.98**

50c genuine B. V. D. Underwear.

19c Athletic Underwear.

29c Genuine Porosknit

Union Suits.

39c 25c Lisle Hose; all

colors.

11 1/2c 50c Silk Wash Ties.

19c EXTRA SPECIAL \$2.95

500 Blue Serge Coats—

worth \$6—all sizes.

15c Lisle Hose. 6 1/2c 10c Linen Handkerchiefs. 3 1/2c 50c Silk Hose; all colors. 23c Boston and Paris Pad Garters. 15c 25c Wash Ties.

\$1 Neglige Shirts. 48c

\$1.50 Neglige Shirts. 89c

\$1 Neglige Shirts; collar to

match. 48c

\$1.50 Neglige Shirts; collar

to match. 89c

\$1 Soft Shirts; collar at-

tached. 48c

\$3.00 SLIP-ON COATS. \$1.48

\$6.00 SLIP-ON COATS. \$2.95

\$1.50 and \$2 Soft Shirts;

collar attached. 95c

\$5 All-Leather Suit

Cases. 2.95

Genuine B. V. D. Under-

wear. 42c

15c Silk Initial Handker-

chief. 61 1/2c

25c Suspenders, all colors. 19c

50c Guyot Suspenders. 38c

50c Leather Suit Cases. 98c

\$1.50 and \$2 Soft Shirts;

collar attached. 95c

\$5 All-Leather Suit

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15c Silk Initial Handker-

chief.

## HALE RAPS COUNCIL IN DISCUSSION OF ST. LOUIS CHARTER

Former Member Urges Retention  
of House of Delegates  
System.

CITY NOT LIKE CLEVELAND

Board of Freeholders Confronted  
by a Complex  
Proposition.

Whether to write a progressive city charter under which St. Louis might have efficient city government, or frame one to meet demands of political bosses and job seekers for the purpose of enlisting their support in its adoption, is one big problem that is puzzling the Board of Freeholders, also spoke.

Would the people of St. Louis adopt a progressive charter, such as was overwhelmingly ratified by the people of Cleveland recently? This question was put to Eugene Hale, former member of the House of Delegates, who appeared before the board Thursday night and advocated the retention of the House of Delegates, and the perpetuation of the spoil system and the long ballot.

Hale replied that Cleveland had a different class of people than St. Louis, and that the people of St. Louis were too suspicious to take hold of new things.

"Do you think," asked Freeholder Judson, "that the people of St. Louis are less intelligent and progressive than the people of Cleveland?"

Would Not Commit Himself.

Hale would not commit himself on this point, but declared it was folly to abolish the House of Delegates, because it was closer to the people than the Council, and more responsive to their demands.

"But is it closer to the people?" asked Freeholder Aloe. "Do not the people of the ward go to their member of the House of Delegates for favors they have no right to ask?"

Hale said he thought not. He said he had found it necessary in the House of Delegates to introduce many bills, affecting his ward, which had been slipped through the Council.

Hale appeared before the board to advocate his own plan for a legislative department for the city. He proposed that the Board of Public Improvements be comprised of nine members, elected by the people, each member to be ex-officio a member of the City Council. In addition, he advo-

cated a Board of Aldermen comprised of 50 members, each to be paid a salary of \$2000 a year. The Council-Board of Public Improvements members should be paid \$2000 a year, he said.

He made a particularly vigorous attack upon the City Council of 1907. He said the six members elected that year represented the greatest aggregation of wealth of any Council in the history of the city, and created the greatest handicap under which St. Louis had ever worked.

No Excuse for Bridge Location.

Hale said there was no excuse for locating a free bridge at Chouteau avenue without having first acquired land or purchased for approaches. He said the west approach of the bridge already had been built into a network of Terminal Railroad Association tracks, and that he did not think it made any difference where the east approach was built, as the Terminal already had the bridge.

Rich men, he declared, would not give attention to city affairs. He said when he went into the House of Delegates, he held the view of most lawyers, doctors, preachers and other professional men that some of the representatives from the river wards possessed no qualifications for membership in the House of Delegates.

"The House reformed me, though," he said. "I found these men who had been condemned before the election as unfit and unqualified, made the very best representatives, while millionaires, lauded as eminently qualified, were the worst misfits, and made inexcusable blunders."

Should Change Name.

Hale said the name of the lower branch of the Municipal Assembly should be changed from House of Delegates to Board of Aldermen. The House of Delegates has been in such disrepute for years, he said, that the people seemed to have no confidence in it.

"You think," suggested Freeholder Spencer, "that a rose would smell sweeter under another name."

"Certainly," said Hale. "This is an age of evolution. The people's memories are short. They would soon forget about the House of Delegates and its past record."

The discussion of the short ballot led to the question as to whether the workingman or the banker exercised the greater degree of intelligence in voting. Hale insisted the voters were fully capable, with the aid of the political ward workers, who would gladly show them how to cast intelligent votes on a great number of candidates.

Hale and members of the Board exchanged stories to prove that men in the ordinary walks of life, even alien-born citizens, were better informed on matters of national, state and city government than professional and business men.

Opposed Kreisman.

Hale said that while he was a member of the House of Delegates he opposed most of the policies of Mayor Kreisman, whose greatest mistake, he declared, was not turning the Democrats out of city jobs and putting Republicans in. He took no stock in the merit system of appointments, he said, and believed that party committees should make recommendations to officeholders, and that officeholders should then exercise their judgment in making appointments.

In discussing the rights of the people to make nominations by primary, Hale said primaries did not amount to much after the ward clubs got together and made up their minds. He said he believed in the ward club idea, and in

## PRINCE AND DUCHESS OF ENGLAND WHO ARE ENGAGED TO WED



## ENGLISH PRINCE ENGAGED TO THE DUCHESS OF FIFE

Arthur of Connaught Will Marry Granddaughter of King Edward VII.

LONDON, July 18.—The betrothal is announced of Prince Arthur of Connaught and Princess Alexandra Victoria, the Duchess of Fife.

Prince Arthur Frederick Patrick Albert is the son of the Duke of Connaught and Strathern, Governor-General of Canada. He reached his thirtieth year last January. Educated at Eton and Sandhurst, Prince Arthur entered the Seventh Hussars and soon became known as a keen soldier and was promoted to the captaincy in the Royal Scots Guards. He has served as personal aid to King George VII and to King George V, being sent on so many missions that he earned the nickname of "Her Royal Shyness." She is a tall, somewhat ungainly girl, very like her father.

She was with her father on the P. and O. liner *Delhi* when the vessel stranded on the coast of Morocco in December, 1911. With great difficulty the royal party, consisting of the Duke and Duchess and the Princesses Alexandra and Maud, was rescued in lifeboats and brought ashore near Cape Spartel. The hardships he endured resulted in the Duke's death a few weeks later.

He was sent to Japan to represent King George at the funeral of the late Emperor of Japan.

Like his sister, Patricia, he is very good looking and takes pride in being thoroughly British. Rumor has been

they homes and looked the doors following the announcement that 20 snakes owned by a carnival company, had escaped from a cage. The keeper later rounded up his charges.

Twenty Snakes Have an Outing.  
ST. PAUL, Minn., July 18.—Mothers in the midway district called children into

Midsummer brings auto deals a-plenty for those who watch Post-Dispatch workers.

## KROGER

### Slashes Prices for Saturday

Our big cut price Saturday special last week met with such general success and enthusiasm on the part of our customers that we are encouraged to do just a little better this week. We have gone through the list, picked out the reasonable articles and applied the knife to the prices in such a way that we are sure to interest you. The big, dependable values give you opportunity to score your money for Sunday and next week and put the difference to some other use. Kroger saves you money—gives you honest weights and measures—sees that none but wholesalers' food articles are offered for sale in the Kroger Stores and with every succeeding purchase you will be better satisfied—because we are alive to your interest, striving day in and day out to secure the best of food products at prices that will save our customers money.

Confidence in what we sell was the origin of the famous KROGER GUARANTEE—**YOUR MONEY BACK ON ANY ARTICLE THAT FAILS TO GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION.**

**Fancy Genuine Butter** Fresh churned in one of the most modern and sanitary creameries in the country; pure, sweet, fine quality; special. **lb. 27c**

**Home-Grown Potatoes** They're fine, all nice sized, fresh from the field. **23c**

**Rumford Baking Powder** The pure Phosphate Powder; pound cans, **17c** special, Saturday.

**Fancy Santos Coffee** Fresh roasted; for a coffee this low price you will be surprised at the **lb. 20c** excellence of the drinking qualities; special.

**Salmon** Another special; on nice Alaska Salmon. **25c** Ho brand of medium and Alaska Salmon. **10c** tall cans; special. **12c**

**ASPARAGUS EXPOSITION BRAND**, fine flavored, spears; regular 15c value; special can. **10c**

**PANTHER BRAND**, California Asparagus Tips, nice and tender, can. **25c**

**Danish Prize Milk** We sold hundreds of cases on the last special. This brand is equal to the best you ever tried. A supply of Danish Prize in the pantry is a guarantee of the best milk at a moment's notice; special. **15c**

**2 Regular 10c  
2 size cans, for 15c**

**BROOM SPECIAL** These Brooms are made in the workshop of the Missouri Association for the Blind. Very good quality; workers show remarkable skill. **23c**

**Sugar** Best granulated. Price advancing—better secure a **20 lbs. for \$1.00** good supply now.

**Moon Chop Tea** A round, fine-flavored tea unsurpassed when served hot. Do you know that Tea is a natural refrigerant—Invigorating—healthful; 30 stamps extra; half pounds, **30c**; 15 stamps extra; **15c**; 15 stamps extra; **15c**; extra with **15c**.

**Lemon Juice** The pure juice of M. lemon, bottled with keg; more economical than buying the fresh fruit; small bottles, **25c**; medium, **35c**; large, **47c**.

**Country Club Grape Juice** Under this brand we put only the highest quality grapes; the product is true of Country Club Grape Juice—delicious in itself or added to other juices. **15c**

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**Lemon Juice** The pure juice of M. lemon, bottled with keg; more economical than buying the fresh fruit; small bottles, **25c**; medium, **35c**; large, **47c**.

**La Nata Cigars** La Nata Cigars are value in cigar that you cannot duplicate; long clean filler of best domestic tobacco; thoroughly high-class, throughout. **2 for 5c**

**Smoked California Shoulders** Smoked California Shoulders, sugar cured, hickory smoked, per lb. **13c**

**Wieners and Frankfurters** Wieners and Frankfurters, per lb. **13c**

**Fresh Dressed Hens** Fresh Dressed Hens, per lb. **19c**

**Fresh Dressed Fancy Spring Chicken** per lb. **27c**

**UNION MEAT CUTTERS IN EVERY KROGER MARKET**

**Nap-Rax-O-Powder** Unexcused 15 Pkgs. **25c**

for cleansing, down goes the price. **HAPPY DAY LAUNDRY SOAP**, 13 bars for. **.25c**

**St. Regis Powder**, large pkg. **.25c**

**Ryan's Naptha Soap**, 13 bars for. **.25c**

**Mascot Soap**, 13 bars for. **.25c**

**ONE BAR WHITE LACE SOAP**, 13 bars for. **.25c**

**ONE BAR FAIRY SOAP**, 13 bars for. **.25c**

**Crystal White Soap**, 13 bars for. **.25c**

**White Dove Soap**, 13 bars for. **.25c**

**9 O'Clock Soap**, 13 bars for. **.25c**

**Swift's Pride Soap**, 9 bars for. **.25c**

**White Dove Soap</b**

## PREACHER GETS A DIVORCE SO WIFE MAY BE DAUGHTER

Adopted Girl, Who Became Her "Father's" Wife at 16, Cannot Love Him as Wife.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.  
WOODWARD, Ok., July 18.—A divorce on unusual grounds has been granted here to Judge B. F. Willett, who is an ordained Baptist minister, and who has served several terms as prosecuting attorney for this county.

Judge Willett gives up his wife that she may become again, in effect, his adopted daughter. Years ago he adopted a little girl, who took the name of Clara Willett. He put her in school at Enid, determined to give her the best education obtainable. She was a bright student and was very grateful to her benefactor.

Six years ago, when Clara reached the age of 16, Judge Willett made his adopted daughter his wife. The marriage took place at Enid, where the girl still was attending school.

In his petition for divorce the lawyer and former preacher set forth that Mrs. Willett had told him she never could love him as a wife should, but that she could be devoted to him as a daughter. He desired to restore this legal relationship and release the young woman from the one into which she had entered as a girl of 16. The court acted accordingly.

## LATEST INFORMATION ON PARCEL POST

Get a copy of the changes just issued by the Government regarding the use of ordinary postage stamps on parcel post packages, and other important instructions pertaining to the parcel post.

If you have already received a copy of our PARCEL POST REGULATIONS AND RATE BOOK, you will want this list of corrections.

If you have not as yet secured a copy of this valuable booklet, call for one immediately at the New Account Desk in our Savings Department.

With our booklet you can ascertain quickly the rate or amount of postage to any point in the United States and our Island possessions without the use of a map or chart.

Mercantile Trust Company  
Savings Department

Eighth and Locust Streets

Open Monday Evenings Until 7:30 O'Clock

Our Book of "Diamonds" "America's Great Diamond House."  
Sent Free on Request. Lowest Prices in America for Fine Goods.

## You Will Be Impressed With the Beautiful New Diamond La Vallieres

At Jaccard's you have the choice of a collection of Diamond-set Jewelry that is one of the finest of its kind in the world. You are offered an array of new and exclusive designs, embodying not only our own original ideas, but those of the best European jewel artists as well. Every style of La Valliere is represented in our collection—from the simple Greek designs to the more elaborate ones of the later French and Italian jewel artists. The prices of these beautiful Diamond-set Pendants range from \$25.00 to \$2,600.00.



Graceful La Valliere of solid gold, set with ten fine white diamonds. Price... \$90.00  
Beautiful La Valliere of platinum, set with five circles, each centered with a fine white diamond. Price... \$415.00  
Distinctive La Valliere of platinum, set with perfectly cut brilliant white diamonds. Price... \$415.00

Have Your Old Gems Recast  
into New "Jaccard" Designs.  
We will offer you suggestions for the  
resetting of your Diamond  
Jewelry into original designs.  
Estimates furnished free of charge.

JACCARD'S  
(Mermad, Jaccard & King)  
Broadway at Locust



## SCORES HURT IN PANIC AT MOVING PICTURE EXHIBIT

Flashlight to Take Photograph of Crowd Causes Stampede From Building.

By Associated Press.  
NEWARK, N. J., July 18.—Nearly 100 persons, many of them children, were injured, but only two persons seriously enough to be taken to hospitals, in a panic at a moving picture exhibition here last night. The stampede followed the setting off of a flashlight to take a photograph of the crowd. The crowd became jammed in the exits of the building and many persons were trampled.

The exhibition was being given by the State Board of Health in conjunction with the Newark Anti-Tuberculosis Association and hundreds of persons of foreign birth were among the 1500 or more present. Their failure to understand a notice flashed upon the screen that the picture would be taken is believed to account for the panic which succeeded the setting off of the flashlight.

**\$700,000 in Alaskan Gold Arrives.**  
SEATTLE, Wash., July 18.—The steamer Senator arrived from Nome, Alaska, with \$700,000 in gold bullion, an appropriate incident in the golden pot-latch, which is held here every year to commemorate the arrival of the first Klondike gold ship in 1897, also with \$700,000 gold dust.

## Summer's Hottest Day and Night Brings Death to Tenement Babies

### TWO GIRLS WHO SOLD LEMONADE TO HELP SAVE TENEMENT BABIES

City's Crowded Districts Become an Inferno of Suffering and Mortal Peril to Little Ones of the Poor—Pure Milk Commission's 17 Feeding Stations Thronged With Mothers and Their Imperiled Babies—Surely, Now, All Must Help to Maintain This Splendid Life-Saving Service.

**CONTRIBUTIONS.**  
Previously acknowledged... \$1201.14  
Lemonade stand at 4571 Chouteau Avenue... 1.25  
Mrs. E. B. McElroy... 15.00  
Children's entertainment at 1433 Clara Avenue... 17.10  
No Name... 2.00  
Lotte Forbester, 4621 Morgan street... 5.75

Can you imagine, short of the inferno, any suffering greater than that of the poor in the overcrowded tenement districts of St. Louis yesterday and last night, the hottest day and night of the hottest summer St. Louis has known in many years?

And can you imagine anything more dire in its effect upon the little babies of the poor—weak, wasted, their body strength sapped to its lowest ebb by the cruel vitality-drain of such a day and night?

One thing is certain today. The 17 pure milk stations maintained by the St. Louis Pure Milk Commission will be crowded to their capacity by the aching mothers of the little babies, seeking the daily feedings of pure milk which alone can keep their babies alive through such a hideous crisis of mortal peril as is now created by the stifling heat-wave.

Won't you help the Pure Milk Commission to meet the demand—the life-and-death demand—thus placed upon its service?

You must help. The commission must have the money with which to provide the pure milk so vitally necessary to save the tenement babies.

It will be inhuman to let the babies die for sheer lack of help.

The way to help is to send in your contribution to the Post-Dispatch Pure Milk and Free Ice Fund without delay. Do this at once.

You are condemning some poor little baby to death if you don't.

This is the plain truth.

Keep your soul clean of such a pitiless sin.

Have compassion upon the little ones of the poor.

Save the babies!

Little Martha Buck, of 3222 Bell Avenue, and Adelaide Winter, of 1025 North Leonard Avenue, conducted a lemonade stand at Easton and Leonard Avenue for the benefit of the Post-Dispatch Pure Milk and Free Ice Fund, and earned \$2.50 with which to help save the tenement babies.

They kept up the good work for three days, charging 2 cents per glass for their lemonade, and they are quite properly proud of their success. They now are members of the Post-Dispatch Pure Milk and Free Ice Fund League and possessors of league membership cards.

Jean McLeod, whose residence ad-

dresses the Post-Dispatch would like to have in order to send her the league membership card to which she is entitled, sends \$1.00 to the Pure Milk Fund "for the little ones."

A number of kindly children conducted a lemonade stand at 4571 Chouteau Avenue for the benefit of the Post-Dispatch Pure Milk and Free Ice Fund and earned \$1.25 with which to help save the tenement babies.

Those taking part in the good enter-

prise were Edward F. Smith and Valere

**PURE MILK STATIONS**  
(If the present rate of ap-  
plications continues, we are  
going to have the largest sea-  
son's work in the history of the  
Commission. I think it will be  
best to run a list of our stations  
and where located, as this  
will probably come to the atten-  
tion of many mothers needing  
the milk. As I have previously  
stated, I will see that there will  
be sufficient milk for any one  
that will apply.—H. E. McElroy,  
Secretary St. Louis Pure  
Milk Commission.)

THE stations where pure  
milk is now being dis-  
tributed are:

Niedringhaus Mission, Sev-  
enth and Cass Avenue.

Jewish Charities, Ninth and  
Caro streets.

Neighborhood Association,  
817 N. Nineteenth street.

Kingdom House Mission, 1603  
South Eighth street.

Boyle Memorial Center, 816  
North Eleventh street.

North End Dispensary, 2741  
North Broadway.

Missouri Lodge No. 22, Six-  
teenth and Cass streets.

Markham Memorial Church,  
Julia and Madison streets.

Children's Hospital, 400 South  
Jefferson street.

Holy Cross Hospital, 2001 North  
Eleventh street.

Eba Barn Lodge, Jefferson  
avenue and Cass street.

Laboratory, 1726 North Third  
street street.

Victor Street Mission, Third  
and Victor streets.

Guardian Angel Settlement,  
Marion and Marion streets.

Bothelians Congregational  
Church, 1201 Allen Avenue.

Open Door Settlement, 1800  
Robert street.

Curby Memorial Church, Ten-  
as and Utah avenues.

Twenty Dollars  
will save the life  
of one baby  
by giving it  
pure modified milk.  
EVERY DOLLAR HELPS.

Co. contributes \$5 to the Pure Milk Fund.

"All Four" is the signature to a letter inclosing \$1 for the Pure Milk Fund to save the baby.

Next Saturday evening, at the residence of S. Zemelman, 5207 Garfield Avenue, six helpful children will give a show for the benefit of the Pure Milk and Free Ice Fund. Those taking part in the entertainment are Frederick and Rose Zemelman of 5207 Garfield; Margaret Robinson, 5205 Garfield; Esther and George Courson, 5209 Garfield, and Sarah Kopitsky, 5218 Garfield. They are working hard to score a big success.

Ali over town, indeed, the children are working hard.

It won't be their fault if the little ones of the poor are surrendered, to grim Old Death, now stalking through the tenements and gloating over the heat-wave's direful fierceness.

They are fighting for the tenement tots as best they can.

And always those splendid children sound the league slogan: "Save the babies!"

**MEN'S BLUE SERGE SUITS, \$5**  
Globe, Seventh and Franklin Avenue.

**BARS CROWNING ROOSTER**

Chicago Also to Check Noise of  
Parrots and Canaries.

CHICAGO, July 18.—The crowning rooster, indicted on many counts before the Cook County Circuit Committee, is to be suppressed in law.

Three railroads ran special trains for the children. The central branch of the Missouri Pacific in 18 decorated coaches brought in more than 4000 young people.

**Children's Flower Parade.**

Waggener has difficulty in preparing novel forms of entertainment for his yearly birthday party, but today it was predicted his little friends would have

## 20,000 CHILDREN ARE MILLIONAIRE'S GUESTS AT PICNIC

Governor and Soldiers Go to Atchison, Where B. P. Waggener Provides Fun.

By Associated Press.

ATCHISON, Kan., July 18.—Twenty thousand Kansas children are guests today of Balle P. Waggener, millionaire railroad man, at his annual children's picnic. All the expenses, even including railroad fare to Atchison, are borne by Waggener. Entertainment provided includes a free distribution of toy and flowers, automobile parades, land and water athletic contests, baseball and football exhibitions, drill by the United States troops from Fort Leavenworth and day and night fireworks.

Gov. Hodges and staff and three companies of the Kansas National Guard are here for the outing.

**Will Undergo Operation.**

This year the picnic has a particular interest for the friends of Waggener, because he will leave tomorrow for Rochester, Minn., where the Doctors Mayo will perform an operation on him, the third in two years. Waggener is 67 years old and it is feared that this may be serious, but he is as optimistic as ever.

Two weeks ago the surgeons advised an immediate operation, but Waggener would not postpone or fail to attend the picnic. He agreed to go to Rochester on the day following it.

Three railroads ran special trains for the children. The central branch of the Missouri Pacific in 18 decorated coaches brought in more than 4000 young people.

**Children's Flower Parade.**

Waggener has difficulty in preparing novel forms of entertainment for his yearly birthday party, but today it was predicted his little friends would have

such a time as they had never had before.

The children's flower parade began at 11 a.m. There were 65 features. There were five doll buggies pushed by 500 doll-like misses. The largest touring car in Atchison was covered with flowers and jammed with kiddies.

The automobile parade followed the children's section. Waggener had 20 children in the first car, and one could hardly see the white hair of the children's "patron saint" among so many curly heads.

Later all the guests were taken to Forest Park, where the festivities were continued by the opening of 100 booths of free lemonade.

To each child was given a horn, a flag and a pennant at the school house, and the street car rides all over the city were complimentary.

At the park vaudeville acts, water sports, daylight fireworks and races and contests of all kinds kept the children from remembering how tired they were.

## Thin People Can Increase Weight

Thin men and women who would like to increase their weight with 10 or 15 pounds of healthy "stay there" fat should try eating a little Sargol with their meals for a while and not resists. Here is a good and easy way trying. First take Sargol—one tablet with every meal—for two weeks. Then weigh and measure again. If you have lost weight, then look or feel or what your friends may think. The scale and the tape measure will tell you own story.

This man or woman can easily add from five to eight pounds of fat by following this simple directions. And best of all the new flesh stays put. It is the result of the fat you eat, mixing with your food. It turns the fat, sugar and starches of what you have eaten into rich, fat, fat, fat. This is the best nourishment for the tissues and blood-platelets and all the cells of the body which the blood can readily access. All this nourishment now passes from your body and does it quickly and makes the fat-prone cells of the very fat people. You are eating 1000 to 1200 pounds and pounds of healthy flesh between your skin and the body. It is safe, pleasant, efficient and inexpensive.

Judge & Dolby, Weibel Drug Co., Rabenbach & Co., and other leading druggists sell it in large and other smaller tables to a package or a guarantee of weight increase or money back.—ADV.



MARTHA BUCK

ADELAIDE WINTER

Nathan Friedlob, of 1433 Clara; Emily Wendell, 1340 Shawmut; Julia Sterlin, 1419 Clara; Lorcas Mumford, 2009A Semple; Helen Wood, 1404 Clara; Sadie Margulis, 1440 Burd; Joseph Hackler, 1427 Clara; Clarence Hauk, 1433 Clara; Harold Anchell, 1444 Clara.

Miss Sadie Friedlob rehearsed the children and acted as stage manager.

Mrs. E. B. McElroy sends her check for \$15 to the Pure Milk Fund to help save the babies.

Lotte Forbester of 4621 Morgan street, conducted a lemonade stand and earned \$1.75 for the little ones of the poor.

"No Name," writing from the reception rooms of the Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney department store, sends \$2 to the Pure Milk Fund.

The F. Bakrow & Son Importing

**Found—Montezuma's Throne!**

Royal seat, once covered with turquoise, unearthed in Arizona, where Aztec legends relate their race originated. Story of the romantic discovery told by Clark McAdams and illustrated in colors.

The Next Sunday Post-Dispatch.

# ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

PAGES 9-16.

ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 18, 1913.—PART TWO.

PAGES 9-16.

## PUGILISTIC BULLY IS SHOT BY A LAME YOUTH IN POOL HALL

Manager of Place Fires Four Times When Fighter Rushes at Him.

### VICTIM WARNED AWAY

Tantalizing Tactics Caused Him to Be Told Never to Return, but He Ignored It.

Jerry Lambert, 26 years old, a semi-professional pugilist, was shot twice Thursday night by Thurman Stout, 25, a cripple, in Ryan's pool hall at 111 Market street, of which Stout is manager.

When Lambert fell to the floor, after four shots had been fired, Stout warned pool players not to interfere and kept Lambert covered with the weapon until the police arrived, threatening to kill him if he attempted to get up.

Lambert is at the city hospital in a serious condition from bullet wounds in the chest and right shoulder. Stout is held pending the result of Lambert's injuries.

#### Shooting Due to Tantalizing.

The shooting resulted from a quarrel because of Lambert's tantalizing habit of striking customers of the place on the arm with his knuckles, in what is termed "frogging the muscles," according to Stout. Lambert had been a frequent visitor to the place, and a few days ago Stout told him the pool players objected to his playful knobs and ordered him to stop.

Lambert resented his order, Stout said, and continued what he considered "bullying" tactics to show his enmity toward him. Stout sent for a sandwich Wednesday, and when the boy returned Lambert took it from the boy and ate half of it, telling Stout the remainder was enough "for a man of his kind," according to Stout.

#### Warned Not to Come Back.

In the quarrel which followed, Harry Ryan, proprietor of the place, ordered Lambert from the pool hall and told him not to return, Stout told the police. He returned at 8:30 Thursday night, Stout said, and pushed a customer he knew only as "Johnny" off a stool on which he was sitting.

Stout says he told Lambert to "cut out his bullying program," and that Lambert, with an oath, attacked him, saying he was going to "finish him."

Stout stepped back to a counter and took a revolver from a drawer and warned Lambert not to advance toward him. When Lambert continued to rush at him he fired four shots, he said, and Lambert fell.

#### Warns Customers Away.

When customers of the place rushed up to wrest the weapon from his hand, Stout pointed the revolver at them and told them not to interfere or they might get hurt.

When detectives attracted by the shots entered the room Lambert still lay on the floor. Stout submitted to arrest quietly.

Stout has been manager of the poolroom a year. His right foot was crushed when he was a boy, and he has been lame since.

### 410 POUNDS FATAL TO MAN

Bert L. Fisher Dies at Hospital—Special Coffin Made.

Bert L. Fisher, 39 years old, who weighed 410 pounds, died Thursday at the city hospital of fatty degeneration of the heart. He is said to have been the largest patient ever at the institution.

A casket of large size was made, and the body was taken to Union Station Friday in an express wagon, the coffin being too large for an ordinary hearse. The body was taken to Terre Haute, Ind., his former home, for burial.

He is survived by his wife and three children, with whom he lived at 4454 Natural Bridge road. He was a salesman. He was taken to the hospital July 12 for treatment.



## FAMILY FEUD LED HIS FATHER TO GIVE HIM ALL, SAYS SON

John Kincer, Who Got \$50,000 in Realty, Declares Brother's "Spite" Fence Caused Discrimination.

Relatives of Martin Kincer, who died in 1905, at the age of 93 years, are suing to set aside his will, which was recently filed by his son, John Kincer.

The will was filed after the Supreme Court had set aside a conveyance of realty, valued at \$50,000, made by the father to John. The conveyance was attacked in a suit brought by Miss Pearl Kincer, a daughter, who alleged that she and other members of the Kincer family had been deprived of their share in the father's property. She was joined in the suit by the other children and their heirs. The Supreme Court decided in favor of Miss Kincer, reversing the decision of Circuit Judge Sale in favor of John Kincer.

#### Will Held Up Five Years.

The will which was not probated until five years after Kincer's death, made John Kincer sole beneficiary to the same property the testator previously had deeded to him. It is now necessary for the plaintiff to get a decision as to whether the will on the ground that the old Kincer was under influence and was not of sound and disposing mind before they can benefit by the Supreme Court's ruling in the other case.

Attorneys Vincent McShane and John M. Goodwin, who represented the plaintiffs in the first suit, are included among the plaintiffs in the will contest, they holding a one-third interest in the estate by reason of their taking the litigation on a contingent basis.

Martin Kincer was prominent in North St. Louis and was one of the pioneer residents of that section. He lived for years at 230 North Broadway, his son, John, living with him. Another son, Martin Kincer Jr., lived next door.

According to John Kincer, the father conveyed the realty to him on account of love and affection. The son claimed that the father's failure to bequeath property to others of the family was partly due to a fence which started 30 years ago, when Martin Kincer Jr. put up a "spite" fence between his son and his father's yards. A pennant with the words "Rats for you" was put up on the fence.

John Kincer said his brother's children were responsible for the fence, and that their grandfather felt insulted by such disrespect. Other members of the family became embroiled in the feud, John said, but, according to his testimony at the trial of the first case, he always remained on the side of his father.

Attorney Goodwin told a Post-Dispatch reporter Friday that the trouble caused by the "spite" fence and the pennant was patched up years ago and that the elder Kincer apparently had been on good terms with all the members of the family.

## 12 ELECTRIC LIGHTS USED IN SWEATING MERCURY VICTIM

Fischer Wants to Go Home, but Doctors Say He Is Not Yet Out of Danger.

Though he was in a serious condition Friday from an accidental dose of bichloride of mercury, Edwin B. Fischer of 6141A Suburban avenue, told his physicians at the city hospital that he would insist on going home before night.

The physicians, who would not have the power to restrain him if he persisted in wishing to go, and if relatives provided means for his removal, argued with him to abandon

the idea. They told him plainly he was not out of danger, and that his peril would be aggravated by any change of surroundings and treatment.

They believe now, although they did not tell him so, that his chance for recovery is not yet an even chance. The fact that he suffers little pain, while it causes him to be optimistic, does not deceive the medical men, who fear the insidious working of this poison.

The condition of the kidneys was an unfavorable symptom, and it was partly with the hope of benefiting the patient in this respect that a remarkable sweating treatment, begun Thursday night, was resorted to.

Fischer's bed was covered with sheets to exclude air, and 12 incandescent lamps or 10 candlepower were placed on a bar of wood which rested just over his body. This, with the prevailing temperature, sufficed to give the patient a violent sweating.

Fischer, who is a photographer, swallowed the bichloride early Wednesday, in a dimly lighted bathroom, at the home of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Eliza Wrapp, 6338 Bartner avenue. He mistook the bichloride, which he had purchased for photographic use, for epsom salts.

#### Atmospheric Touring Car.

By hour, day or trip; no meters. Reliable Auto Livery Co. Lindell 3260, Delmar 1510.

## SPECIAL CLEAN-UP SALE

### MOHAIR SUITS

The best made by Hamburger Bros. & Co., foremost makers of Mohairs, the ideal midsummer suit,

\$30.00 Suits Now . . . \$14.80

All others we have on hand, HALF PRICE

Coolest store in town—cooled automatically by ice-cold air.

Open Saturday till 9 p. m. for accommodation of late shoppers.

**F. A. STEER F. G. CO.**  
OLIVE AND NINTH STREETS

## WEDS GIRL AFTER JACOB-LIKE WAIT OF SEVEN YEARS

East Alton Man Has Worked to Save Money to Pay for Operation on Lame Bride.

After waiting seven years for a romance that has been growing there the village of East Alton is rejoicing because it has flowered into a happy marriage. The wedding, which was that of Nordahl Colburn and Miss Lottie Lawrence, has had the whole town's approval.

As Jacob, in the Bible story, waited and worked seven years for Rachel, Colburn waited and worked seven years for Miss Lawrence. The difference is that at the end of his seven years, Jacob was tricked by his father-in-law, while Colburn, at the end of his seven years got his bride and a blessing.

**Saves for an Operation.**

Colburn's seven years were put in saving up enough money to pay for a surgical operation for the girl. The operation is to cure an old injury which has made Miss Lawrence lame since she was a child. It will be an expensive one, because high priced specialists must be employed.

Colburn is the son of J. A. Colburn, superintendent of the Equitable Power Works of East Alton. Although his parents are well-to-do, the young man has declined to ask their financial assistance, preferring to make his own way.

His bride is the daughter of L. J. Lawrence. When a little girl she received the injury which has compelled her to use a crutch. She is a brune and has been called the prettiest girl in East Alton. To relieve her parents of the burden of her support, she has worked at the Star telephone exchange in East Alton.

#### Becomes Railroad Clerk.

Colburn fell in love with her soon after he came to East Alton from his New England home, seven years ago, when he was about 19 years old and she a year or two younger. They became engaged, but Colburn declared he would not marry her until he was able to put her under the care of a competent surgeon.

He had artistic tastes, which, coupled with a gift at drawing, had made him ambitious to become an illustrator or cartoonist. His lack of technical experience, however, made it impossible for him to get employment that would bring him in a satisfactory salary. So he studied bookkeeping and stenography and got a job as railroad clerk.

For the last year he has been employed at a fair salary at Holstine, Kan. Recently he was promoted to a more lucrative office at Alexandria, La. This made his marriage immediately possible.

Tuesday he stopped off in East Alton on his way to Alexandria, Wednesday morning he and Miss Lawrence were married in St. Paul's Episcopal Church. His bride came with him to St. Louis Wednesday evening. He took a train that night for Alexandria and she turned to East Alton.

Mrs. Colburn expects to spend the next three weeks breaking in a new girl to her job. In the meantime her husband will prepare their home at Alexandria and will arrange for the operation.

#### Aristocratic Touring Car.

By hour, day or trip; no meters. Reliable Auto Livery Co. Lindell 3260, Delmar 1510.

## JEWELRY WINDOW ROBBED OF \$2500; HUNDREDS NEAR

East Side Thief Smashes Glass and Grabs Gems, Then Slips Away in the Crowd.

While Harry R. Carson, president of the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners in East St. Louis, watched helplessly from the platform of a street car, where he was imprisoned in a jam of passengers, a well-dressed man smashed the window of a jewelry store at 124 Collinville avenue at 4 p. m. Thursday, scooped up a handful of precious stones and escaped.

The thief, the noise of whose operations was drowned by that of workmen repairing the car tracks, crossed Collinville avenue, passing eight or ten persons, and entered an alley running to Main street, a block away.

Carson was in too close quarters to draw his revolver. As soon as he was free he ran through the Arcade Building in the hope of finding the robber at the Main street entrance of the alley. But the fugitive had vanished and Carson went to the police station for assistance. With a patrolman he searched the alley and the adjacent yards and houses, but without avail.

The store was that of H. E. Cook, and consisted of presents which he had given to Mrs. Cook on the occasion of their marriage a year ago. These were two cluster diamond rings, containing six and seven stones each, and a pair of pearl and diamond earrings. In addition, the thief got three solitaire diamond rings belonging to the store.

Mrs. Cook usually kept her jewelry locked in the safe, but Thursday morning, she said, when her husband opened the safe an impulse seized her which caused her to add her valuables to the store's display in the window. She had never done this before.

Cook and his wife were in the store, sitting at a desk in the rear, and did not hear the sound of the breaking window, which the robber struck with an iron bolt with a nut at the end. They knew nothing of the robbery until a policeman told them.

### Two Men in Foundry Electrocuted.

MUSKEGON, Mich., July 18.—Anhela Morrison, treasurer of the Central Foundry Co., and Alexander Backman, a molder, were electrocuted when directing the course of a ladle of molten lead carried by an electric crane.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Vice-President

Marshall will be the chief speaker at the cornerstone laying of the \$1,000,000 vocational school of the Loyal Order of Moose, Mooseheart, near Aurora, Ill., July 27, it was announced.

Vice-President to speak.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Vice-President

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OLIVE—6600—Central

Or your druggist will phone your want at office rates.

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## ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER, Dec. 12, 1878.  
Published by the Pulitzer Publishing Co.,  
210-212 N. Broadway.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES BY MAIL IN ADVANCE  
DAILY AND SUNDAY, ONE YEAR.....\$12.00  
DAILY AND SUNDAY, TWO YEARS.....\$24.00  
Sunday only, one year.....\$12.00  
Sunday only, postal order, express money order or  
St. Louis exchange.....\$12.00  
Entered at postoffice, St. Louis, Mo., as second-class  
matter.

## THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM.

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent, never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

April 10, 1907. JOSEPH PULITZER.

## POST-DISPATCH

Circulation  
Average

First 6 Months of 1913

195,466

SUNDAY 311,949

Biggest West of the Mississippi

## If Going Away for the Summer

you will want all the news from home. Have the POST-DISPATCH follow you. Change address often as you like. Please furnish both old and new address with each order.

Before leaving arrange with your carrier or write the POST-DISPATCH or phone Olive 6600—Central 6600.

## PROPOSED SUBWAY FRANCHISE.

To the extent that it is a recognition of aggravated local conditions, the application of James D. Houseman and others for a subway franchise is interesting and significant.

It is by no means certain that the route outlined in the application is the most desirable and feasible route for St. Louis' initial subway. It is even less certain whether St. Louis desires a franchised subway, built under private auspices. Certainly we do not want a 50-year franchise. Perhaps definite decisions on many practical subway questions may be wisely left until the city obtains potential powers in utility control, ownership and operation under a pending constitutional amendment, and the hobbles less the Freeholders are expected to frame.

But unless the application is only an irresponsible promotion scheme for securing rights to be later hawked in the markets, the applicants must have made some business-like investigation into the St. Louis transportation problem. Their conclusions and manner of fitting means to ends ought to have value for the community.

The application will have served an admirable purpose if it centers public attention on the vital subway need and serves as a starting point for a thorough consideration of various phases of the great work. Time will be saved by assisting the public to mature judgments in advance of the date when the adoption of the amendment and the new charter will make way for construction one of the liveliest of St. Louis local issues.

A subway in operation for the rapid transit of the people should not now be a matter of many years in St. Louis.

"We need a good Fire Marshal law," says Gov. Major. Who is to blame that we haven't one?

## NEW SUMMER RESORT AFFLICTION.

Curious but hardly unexpected results in abnormal physical development are reported from summer resort districts in the Great Lakes region.

Anxious ladies after a few days' sojourn in such localities have been dismayed at the difficulty and even utter impossibility of continuing the use of the footgear to which they are accustomed at home. Seriously affected patients who have had the benefit of specialists at Grand Rapids, the largest town adjacent to one important district, have been assured that the intense heat prevailing at the resorts this season has had undoubted and alarming effects in inducing enlargement of the structural framework and tissues of the feet.

While the history of the cases is still somewhat obscure, the new affliction must arouse solicitude and concern among all who are planning outings in the North. If it is inevitable that persons leaving the latitude of St. Louis wearing No. 6s or No. 7s, or even larger sizes, the ladies ought to know it. Should the prognosis already made be confirmed by data from other districts and generations of observation at Chicago, certainly tends to corroborate it, as well as an only too well-established experience on the part of permanent residents of the outing localities themselves—new terrors will be added to the discomforts and handicaps of life at the summer resorts.

The tempered and genial heats along the Missouri latitudes have no such appalling results. St. Louisans who stay at home will avoid change in their anthropometric measurements as to feet and the expense of new equipment at the shoe stores. St. Louis is the true summer resort for 500 miles of surrounding territory, with all the features of the Northern resorts except their inconveniences and high prices.

Present Industrial School conditions furnish the strongest kind of incentive for the earliest possible completion of the new buildings on the Bellefontaine site.

## AN EXTRA SESSION SITUATION.

The local Major organ excuses Gov. Major's refusal to call an extra session of the Legislature to deal with the insurance situation on the ground that the Legislature is an independent branch of the Government and does not take orders from anybody.

Even the Republic ought to know that Governors do not convene Legislatures in extra sessions to take orders for legislation. They are called when situations arise which require legislative action. Sometimes they are called to supplement the work of regular sessions in which important legislation is left unfinished, or mistakes need correction, or unexpected situations demanding action arise after the Legislature has adjourned.

The Governor is authorized by the Constitution in any of these events to call together the Legislature, direct its attention to the situation demanding action and recommend legislation to meet it.

There never was a situation in which an extra session was more fully justified than that which confronts Missouri. Gov. Major and his organ admit that a legislative mistake was made in the regular session and that new legislation is necessary to avert the serious consequences of a crisis which has arisen since the adjournment of the Legislature on account of its mistakes. The new situation menaces the State with heavy disaster before the next regular session can act.

The situation is ideal for the exercise of the Governor's authority to call an extra session. The logic urging this action is irresistible. When the Governor calls the Legislature together, directs attention to the menacing situation and recommends action, the responsibility will rest on the law-making body. He will have done his constitutional duty.

Doubtless Mr. Bryan's chautauque audiences will be unusually large and unusually appreciative this year.

## REALLY "POSTAL" BANKS NOW.

Among other limitations to which the postal banks were subjected when first instituted was one forbidding the use of a postal bank to a person not within the jurisdiction of the post office with which the bank was connected.

Postal banks which would be permanently barred from the "banking by mail," which has become an important feature in the business of many chartered financial institutions would be wrongly named. Postmaster-General Burleson had properly ordered that the making and withdrawal of deposits by mail shall hereafter be permitted.

Limitations that only hamper still remain in both the postal banks and the parcel post. The system under which both are operated can be much simplified. Both should be put on a broader foundation of usefulness to the people.

Greece seems to be able to dictate terms of peace as confidently as if it had not been out of the habit of dictating to anybody for about 2000 years.

## A BRAZILIAN TRIBUTE.

Dr. Muller, Brazilian Foreign Minister, saw during his visit to this country the mighty canons of great American cities, banked by enormous skyscrapers. He heard a great deal about the ditch Americans are digging across Panama. Doubtless he saw also some of the irrigation works in the West which, expensive as they are, make a goodly show for the money spent.

Therefore, when he came to look on the Grand Canon of the Colorado, he professed that he was unable to believe at first that it was a work wrought through myriads of years by nature. It was some time, he says, before he could convince himself that it was not another constructive wonder attesting to Yankee ingenuity.

Did he also believe Niagara to be a prototype of the Gatur Dam, built to impound in basins hundreds of leagues long the flow of a whole brood of Chagres rivers? Dr. Muller certainly has some of the qualifications most desirable in a foreign minister. No prettier compliment has been paid America. We shall not soon forget him.

To pay a tribute to the greatness of American triumphs in material things was all that was left to this brilliant minister, resourceful in compliment. His country had previously paid the highest tribute it is possible to pay to the greatness and worth of American moral and political institutions by fashioning Brazilian institutions on their model.

That 372-pound girl at Galesburg, Ill., reported kidnaped, must at least have been an accessory before the fact.

## THE FAKER IN POLITICS.

As the Mulhall revelations before the Senate Lobby Investigating Committee have been supported by documentary evidence, which cannot be challenged, the defense made on behalf of the alleged "National Association of Manufacturers" confesses to the evidence and attempts to avoid it by pleading the acknowledged right of organization for political purposes.

The answer to this is given by the evidence itself throughout, as it shows fraudulent practices.

The assumption that "faking," bribery and systematic false pretenses are "political" belongs to moral idiocy.

As part of its own purposes of systematically false pretenses and organizing fraud, this alleged "National" Association "faked" other

alleged organizations, as it needed them in its confidence operations. For example, while one of its purposes was to attack labor organizations, it deceives them into voting for a N. A. M. candidate for Congress as a labor advocate.

This is not a penitentiary offense. It is a form of fraud the law may not be able to reach. It may seem comparatively trivial in view of the mass of other offenses of which officers and agents

of this "association" are convicted by the evidence. But as a plain case, illustrating a general method, it is enough to dispose of the pile of not guilty, based on the acknowledged right of organization for political purposes.

"Faking" an organization and hiding behind it for purposes of deception, is certainly a method which may be used for political purposes. The law may not reach it as a crime, but if it is not punishable as a crime, it is so shameful that no one has yet been found shameless enough to make open claim to the right to practice it as a habit. And in this case it has been part of the habit of practicing false pretenses to corrupt politics.

Corporation earnings last year were \$400,000,000 more than the maximum during the past four years. Stand-pat calamity predictions simply decline to permit themselves to be fulfilled.

## LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Hotel Keepers and Their "Help."

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

A vast number of mankind and womankind must procure their food at boarding houses, restaurants and hotels. One of the indispensable things that must always be present in all these places is someone to prepare food, and someone to place it upon the table after it has been prepared for the consumption of guests. Unless this can be done only so many guests will be served as the proprietor himself or someone of his family are able to serve. When this is the case profits are meager indeed.

A man could have a hotel large enough to cover any number of acres; have it stocked with the most costly viands, the choicest wines and liquors, and the most elegant service, yet, if it were not possible to get just some plain men, and to cook the food, and others to place it, on the table for the consumption of guests, it would not be worth, as a hotel, much, as some little old "St. Nicholas" country hotel, where the proprietor's wife does the cooking, his daughter waits at the table, and the proprietor himself hands out drinks of doubtful character, and cigars of uncertain quality and age.

It is the waiter, or waitress, the scrubwoman, the chambermaid, the bartender, the bell boy, the elevator boy, and the various other kinds of "help" incident to running a hotel, who make the man who owns and operates the hotel possible. Without them he never could have existed. They can exist without him, for they could combine, if need be, and he could hot exist without them. It is these people who are locked down upon as belonging to the "laboring classes," or the "lower classes," whom policemen club for asserting they ought to have enough to exist upon, who make possible the vast fortunes realized from these ventures.

Judged by the crudest and coarsest standards of justice, it is right to contend that these people are entitled to only enough to exist upon, simply because there may be many belonging to this absolutely essential class; for don't forget a hotel could not run a minute without them? AN OBSERVER OF THINGS AS THEY ARE.

The Dog Problem.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

"Why not let the dog alone?" one of your correspondents asks. Is there not just a possible chance that the subtle hands of the "Beef Barons" seeking to stifle competition, may be back of all this talk hostile to the dog? Personally I have no preference for dogs of one kind or another as I have never knowingly tasted any and the same is true vice versa. However, if a dog had taken a taste of me as one did of Mr. A. B. B. I know the dog would not have lived eight years after.

As a remedy for existing conditions I suggest that the owner of any vicious dog be shot, as this would rid the world of one troublesome pest. This may, I admit, seem somewhat drastic, however, it would simplify matters greatly, as the dog, then being ownerless and without visible means of support, could be given hours to leave town; or he might be exiled to Germany, where, I understand, he will be given a reception befitting his physical condition. THEODORE H. MEIER.

Collinsville, Ill.

Collect the Dog License.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I notice that Assistant City Attorney Sandler has introduced a bill to increase the dog license to \$10. Also to muzzle dogs all the year around. Of course I have no doubt but what he can afford to pay \$10. But what about us poor workingmen who cannot afford to pay such a heavy tax? I am in favor of the city sending a good man around from house to house and compelling every body to pay the present tax of \$1.00 for keeping a dog or kill the dog. I am satisfied that there are 5000 dogs in St. Louis without license or muzzle. In fact, there are three in my neighborhood without license that have been reported three different times to my knowledge.

A CARONDELET DOG OWNER.

Dr. William Taussig.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I wish to voice the sentiments of Calvin Woodward, a man and more intelligent than most of St. Louis in running a future school in honor of the Dr. Taussig of precious memory. Dr. Taussig loved St. Louis with an ardent affection, and in which he labored so long and faithfully.

He has gone to join the silent majority, but his great work and noble deeds will be remembered. I would suggest that a future school on the South Side of the city, where he lived and died, honor his worthy name, for the generations yet to come. We have the Eugene Field school, the Garfield, the Grant and others, but the Taussig we sincerely hope is yet to come.

STEPHEN TAYLOR DEKINS.

Gas and Electric Bills.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Our electric light bills become due the day prior to the receipt of our gas bills, which necessitates two special street car trips downtown, if there are no other reasons for going, which consumes 20 cents each month, which added to these bills, amounts to considerable in a year. To families upon whom devolve these extra expenses who are struggling to raise a family upon a small salary, it means very much indeed, or to elderly and semi-invalids, or others who have small children to dress and take along, or leave with the neighbors, it is quite an unnecessary imposition. Why cannot it be arranged so that one trip to the city will suffice. We housekeepers and mothers have a right to inquire.

INQUIRER.

Let Macdams Forbear.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Clark Macdams seems to want to drive our two bears from the flag of Missouri. We must see that he stays in Missouri and we are keeping up a Zoo in St. Louis. Few animals are so intelligent and none play so well together, none learn untold so many tricks, and none are so susceptible to education. Bears have a sense of humor, too, which is the success of many an exhibition. A writer says: "It is wrongfully asserted that the bear never walks naturally on his hind legs. Bears often walk on two legs after descending a pole, and I have seen one deliberately assume an upright attitude to toss up a wooden ball. The same applies in wrestling, for they engage in most strenuous contests, in which hugging plays a prominent part and an approved "half Nelson" often finishes the good-humored bout."

URSA MAJOR.

Former Ambassador Bryce says George Washington appears to have been the only American whose ideas of what the national capital should be were anything like adequate. Well, have we any monuments there any higher than



## DOLLAR DIPLOMACY.

## JUST A MINUTE

Written for the Post-Dispatch by Clark MacAdams.

## DIRGE.

MY wife has gone to the country, too. But I am not singing a song. I can't camp out as I used to do. And I have gone tagging along. My home is a cold and desolate place, From any domestic point of view, And I can't abide it. In any case, I've gone away to the country, too.

THE icebox settled it. One hot night I groped my way to that blessed bin, Only to find it empty quite, And the stare of dry and thirsty tin. So I have gone to the country, too, And there, I think, I shall remain. Till the long hot summertime is through, And my wife comes back to my home again.

## AT THE SIGN OF THE TWO BEARS.

HE SHOULD KNOW ROOSEVELT.

Hats off, gentlemen, to Mesones Muro! When after crossing the barren uplands of Cajamarca Province, bearing a commission from the President of the town of Jaen and found the official there had failed to provide a boat for him, he built a rough raft of the materials that lay about his hand and floated out on the turbulent waters of the Marañon, headed for Puerto Melendez, more than a hundred miles away. At the mouth of the Rio de los Perros, where the river boils was placed upon it. The cinnamon bear, a caudillo around the sunken rocks and the lean finkers of the whirlpool spray clutch at the flying paddles and the shivering balsa keels, the fear of death entered the hearts of his boatmen.

The explorer was left stranded a half hour from Puerto Melendez, as the fish swam, but a long day's trek on the trail the jaguars follow. Nothing daunted, he had a raft of the good baseball bats and made his way to the village. Mesones Muro picked up his camp kit, gun and machete and started in to cut his way over the hills through the tangled creepers and the jungle bush of the Amazonian woods. He lost the trail and wandered for three days in the gloom of the great forests, camping under dripping palm leaf shelters at night, struggling through the hot dank troches by day, before he came out into the sunlit clearings that nestle about the little settlement of Puerto Melendez.

Through no fault of his own Mesones Muro was seven days behind his schedule at Iquitos. To certain divers and drawsy backwoods officials it was apparent he had been delayed and was not likely to be a doubt that he had been captured by the Indians. He had a rough time of it, but he had a lot of good baseball bats and made his way to the village. Mesones Muro is a good example of the spirit of modern Americans.

Peru. In spite of the whirls and inefficient assistance rendered him in the interior, he broke records right and left. He beat the Pichile route mail, that left Lima days before his departure, into Iquitos by two weeks, and the ashes of his campfires mark a new fast mail route across the continent. He was days behind his schedule but years ahead of the game, and so we take off our hats to Mesones Muro—

## BREAKING THE LIMIT

THE new engineer on a farmers' railroad, and his ride for life and lives.

By JARED L. FULLER.

"PUG" DONALDSON, who had been roundhouse foreman so long that he thought he owned the entire system, gave out his opinion of Lannigan at the end of the latter's first week on the M. & S. P.

And this was it: "That Grandfather Longlegs never'll get to hold down a passenger lever on this road, whatever he's done back East. It isn't in him."

Then the old man chalked up the limit on the side of his little smoke-discolored office, spat with emphasis, and—well, that closed the subject as far as "Pug" was concerned.

I reckon, if Lannigan hadn't begun by blowing away at his Eastern record, he'd have more of a hit with us. But he was a stranger in a strange land, the only engine driver on the system who hadn't held down a throttle west of the river, and he felt that it devolved on him to do some bragging.

He was a tall, awkwardly built man, with a shock of sandy hair and a smooth, humorous face. His legs and arms were remarkably long and thin, and old Donaldson's sibique stung to him—"Daddy Longlegs" seemed to fit.

Lannigan got a freight, and the worst bunch of scrap iron on the road, which, in moments of enthusiasm, "Pug" called an engine. There was any man handicapped in the race to break the limit, it was the new man from the land of ten-thousand.

The system of advancement followed by the M. & S. P. did not include length of service, or "pull." Just one thing counted—the ability of a driver to get sped out of his machine over the worst track that God ever allowed man to lay.

The country was new when the M. & S. P. was surveyed and laid down. It had been a race between the M. & S. P. and another corporation to see which should reach the terminating town, where connection could be made with the Pacific road first.

We won, but at a cost which crippled the road financially for years, and the renewing of the first roadbed was a slow and laborious job.

We ran one fast passenger—the Limerick. The through mail cars were attached to that train, too.

It was a continual fight all through the year to keep that one train alone up to the schedule called for by the contract with the Government.

If any man on any other train showed an ability to get speed out of his engine, he was warned, and if he "broke the limit," he stood a good chance of being dismissed the driver then running the mail train.

The roundhouse foreman had a habit of chalking up the highest running at the end of the week where all hands could see it, and sometimes the rivalry ran high.

But for Lannigan, the new man, there wasn't the ghost of a show. His locomotive was an old affair which had already done service on the mail train and had been condemned as untrustworthy. His train seldom had the right of way, and he and his fireman, Jimmy Slosson, stood about as much show of ever pulling out the Limited as they did running for President and Vice-President in the Populist ticket.

The M. & S. P. in those days was a "farmers' railroad." Most of the water tanks in forest clearings, tapping a certain section of farming country stretching westward of the line.

Such villages or towns as there were were roughly built, and in many of them there wasn't a brick—even the chimneys of the slab houses being of clay and poles.

A settlement grew quickly. Sometimes it disappeared quite as rapidly as it sprang up. A spark from a passing engine might cause this last-at-the proper record run.

As the lumber was removed and farms laid out, however, more stable houses were put up. Still, there was many a little settlement like Yardley, the line when Lannigan and Jimmy made their record run.

Lannigan had been with us since the winter before. He was a good driver, but not a driver. Anybody but a pre-diced old fool like Donaldson would have recognized his good points, but he never could stir the roundhouse foreman when he'd once made up his mind.

But Jimmy had learned the road—and this engine. If he followed another train he was on its heels all the time, and got himself well cursed for it.

Some of us began to see that there really was more to the Eastern man than we had believed.

That fall was dry—the sun and wind all day, and every day, drying the sap out of the trees and brush and burning the leaves brown before the frost could make them pretty.

By and by the inevitable happened: fires began to light up the heavens nightly, and by day streaks of blue smoke hit the tops of the higher hills. Reports reached us from all directions of families burned out and settlements threatened; but for a week the conflagrations kept away from the line of the road.

Then suddenly, one Sunday morning a flood of fire swooped down the mountain side and crossed the tracks some miles south of Yardley.

The Limited came through somewhat scorched, and the next day traffic on the road, between Lattell and the Junction, was cut off altogether.

This shut off several settlements as well as Yardley, except by telegraph. The wires were still working, and our operators stuck to their posts like the brave fellows they were.

Pretty near every living soul in a hundred square miles of territory lit out for less dangerous ground. But Yardley was caught napping, and its

## MODES SEEN ON FRENCH RACE TRACKS



THREE novelties in gowns worn by mannequins for dressmakers at Chantilly on the French Derby day are shown in these pictures. The lace overskirts appeared in dozens of models, each a novel variation. The Turkish girdle was also an exceedingly popular note and the unpopularity of the petticoat was very apparent wherever a mannequin was seen against the light.

the fire belt. Lannigan still stood up right at the lever.

His sparse mustache, his eyebrows, his shock of sandy hair were gone. He was as bald as a parrot, and his clothing was afire in a dozen spots; but he turned a horrible grin upon Jimmy and waved his hand.

"Give me another bucket!" he croaked, and the stoker climbed out of the tank more dead than alive himself, and put out the burning garments.

Then they reached Yardley.

I guess if any two men were ever welcomed as angels straight from heaven, it was Lannigan and his stoker—though they must have looked a deal more like devils from the pit.

Two hundred and ninety people who had given up their hope of continuing existence piled into those three box cars like sardines. The doors were closed, and there it was up to Lannigan and Jimmy to lead them back to Lattell.

They might have gone forward, but a known danger was better than an unknown. No knowing how many miles of solid fire there was to the south of them, so the old engine was reversed, and back through the awful belt of flame and smoke she went with the three boxes.

And talk about speed! She ate up miles as a mortgage does grain and potatoes! When that machine was fresh from the shops she never dreamed of making the time Lannigan got out of her when she returned run.

He certainly showed that day what he could do when he had the right of way.

Scorched almost to a cinder one instant and saturated the next Lannigan stood at his post and brought the rescue train through to Lattell. The box cars were afire and the passengers half suffocated when they arched.

Then they shook hands on it, and from that moment neither questioned the other's intention of sticking to his job.

Others who respected the pluck it took to approach the fire, thought he never got through, but would want his steam for nothing.

"Well, Jimmy, it's going to be a hot run," the long-johned Yardley told his stoker, as they neared the first belt of fire. "You fill up the furnace, and I'll slow down so you can jump. I don't want to take another man to perdition with me."

"Oh, I guess I'll stop," says Slosson, kind of shame-faced.

Then they shook hands on it, and from that moment neither questioned the other's intention of sticking to his job.

But Jimmy had loaded the old engine for bear all right, before they reached the fireline. She was whirling miles under her drivers at a rate to beat even our own fast train, and the empty boxes behind were dancing like mad over the rough roadway.

"We're gettin' there, Jimmy!" sings out Lannigan at last. "Shin over into the water tank and fling a pail or so over me when you get a chance."

He stood out on the running board with a hand on the lever, his cap visor shielding his eyes from the smoke and flying sparks, peering Jimmy, up to his neck in the tank, flung pail after pail of water over his long figure.

Suddenly the engine seemed to run into a veritable wall of flame. It extended far across the roadbed, and it wrapped the train about in a living, seething mantle as she rushed on.

It seemed as though no man could go through that sea of fire alive, but when the old engine staggered out of

## FRECKLES

Don't Hide Them With a Veil; Remove Them With the Othine Prescription.

This prescription for the removal of freckles was written by a prominent physician, and is usually so successful in removing freckles and giving a clear, beautiful complexion that it is sold by your druggist under an absolute guarantee to refund the money if it fails.

Don't hide your freckles under a veil; get an ounce of othine and remove them. Even the first few applications should show a wonderful improvement, some of the lighter freckles vanishing entirely.

Be sure to ask the druggist for the double strength othine; it is this that is sold on the money-back guarantee—ADV.

Three Hours From Field to Warehouse.

Woodford corn is husked, packed and cooked in three hours' time. That's why it opens up in your kitchen as fresh and tender as roasting ears.

Sold by All Grocers

Fresh, Clean Food

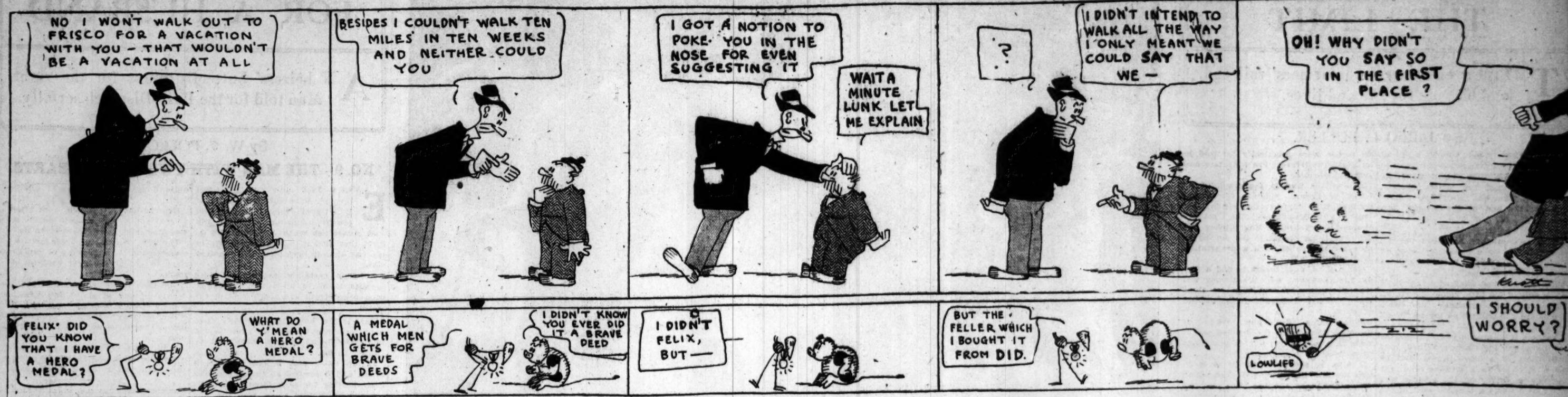
Woodford SWEETCORN

Woodford

# Perhaps Those Lemons Comiskey Handed Him Soured Chance's Disposition

**MR. SHORT SPORT:** Imagining you're on a walking tour should be good mental exercise

By Jean Knott



## FIST FIGHT MAY COST CARDS TWO NEEDED PLAYERS

Slugging Match on Polo Grounds May Result in Suspension Today.

NEW YORK, July 18.—As a result of a fist fight between Lee Magee and Ted Cather, which took place yesterday at the end of the third inning of the second game, the Cardinals may be minus two more needed men. Blows were struck before interference calmed the belligerents and of such action President Lynch can hardly fail to take notice. Suspensions will seriously handicap the team.

The laying off of Magee would force Huggins back into the game, although his head is still troubling him.

It was a funny scrap to start from a trivial cause. Magee took it deeply to heart when Cather failed to play in for Doyle's hit. At the inning's end, as he came in range of the left fielder, when the latter walked in, he lost no time in asking what was the matter. His query was barked at the young left fielder. Cather had probably been asking the same question of himself ever since Doyle's hit had fallen safe, and Shafter had clattered across the rubber with the second run. Hence he was in no mood to have others put it to him. His answer was short and sharp, which induced some rough remarks from Magee.

Cather fought out an outbreak of violence which would certainly mean suspension and fine, and he walked off the second baseman. Magee was surprised, but proved willing, and had not been that the other players were so handy they might have settled the question of supremacy forthwith. But the disturbance was stopped almost as soon as it started.

### Punishment Expected.

It lasted long enough to send a crowd hurling over the partition into the playing field, but they were quickly chased back into the stands, while Umpire Eason ordered the belligerents into the clubhouse.

President Lynch's judgment will probably be promulgated this morning. Pending that, Manager Huggins has not disciplined either of the offenders, presumably because he thinks President Lynch will give them all that is coming to them.

Huggins is expected to be on the job this afternoon. He did not show up yesterday, because at the last inning of the game the day before, when the Browns won, Huggins got very nervous, worked up, and the excitement precipitated a ferocious headache, which was still with him yesterday, and he concluded to take a day off.

Perrett and Geyer are the most likely nominees for this afternoon's two games, and McGraw is likely to use Matty and Marquard. If the Cards win either it will be from Matty. He has never had quite the same terror for them that he has for other hard-driven teams, like Marquard—good night nurse. All he has to do is to squint at them and they begin to tremble.

### BASEBALL BRIEFS

The defeat of the Mackmen by the White Sox and the Naps by the Yankees, coupled with the Nationals' victory over the Browns, aided the cause of the Greeks.

The Cubs broke the winning streak of Hub Purdie, who has won six games, and obtained an even break in the double bill with the Braves. Tyler defeated the Bruins in the opener, opposing Charlie Smith and Lew Rice.

The distance between the Cardinals and Reds remains the same, because the Rhinelanders divided the bargain day bill with the Phils.

The hard-hitting Athletics were able to poll only six hits off Jim Scott. Bush and Moray hurried for the leaders. The score was 6-2, in favor of the Sox.

McBride Is Going Fast. George McBride, the Nationals' sensational shortstop, a former Cardinal by the way, is having a great trip. In the 17 games played by the Griffins on the current trip, McBride has turned 600 errors.

## IF TABLE

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Standing of the Clubs.

CLUBS W. L. Pct. Win. Loss.

Philadelphia .59 25 .688 .691 .676

Cleveland .53 .52 .598 .602 .591

Washington .49 .57 .565 .570 .568

Chicago .49 .57 .565 .570 .568

Boston .49 .57 .565 .570 .568

BROWNS .53 .55 .596 .405 .393

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## HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE

BEDROOM SET—For sale: solid walnut furniture; reasonable. 2222 Beale Street. (c)

BEDS—For sale: 3 iron beds, complete; single; small oak dresser, rug, chaise, couch, etc.; very splendid. (c)

WALTON AV.—For sale: 3 iron beds, complete; small oak dresser, rug, chaise, couch, etc.; very splendid. (c)

ARMED FORCES: Armchair, rug, desk, lamp, piano, radio, chair, bookcase, library table, bedroom, dining furniture, etc.; good; armchairs, couches, etc.; beautifully furnished; some old; immune. (c)

McPHERSON—Almost new; brass and Vermeil beds, dressers, buffets, leather daybeds, fine rugs, high-grade piano; complete; mahogany parlor suite, elegant dining furniture; contents of our beautiful home; furniture, etc.; good; armchairs, couches, etc.; beautifully furnished; some old; immune. (c)

McPHERSON—For sale: 2 iron beds, complete; linoleum tables; bargain. (c)

AUTOMOBILES  
WANTED

AUTOMOBILE TOP—And curtain wanted. For 2-passenger touring car. 4150 Olive. (c)

AUTOMOBILE WINDSHIELD—Late model, 5-passenger, 2-door, leather top; must be cheap for cash. (c)

LET US SELL YOUR AUTOMOBILE: 10 per cent commission; no storage. Kentucky Stables and Garage, 1802 N. Grand. (c)

## FOR HIRE

FOR HIRE—1912 and 1913 model cars, \$2.50 per hour. Central 379-1. (c)

FOR HIRE—Packard touring car, at special rates. Lindell 2439. (c)

FOR HIRE—New 5-passenger, driven by owner, \$2.50. Lindell 3231. Delmar 2600. (c)

FOR HIRE—Pleasant 7-passenger Arrow; respectable trade only; \$3 hour. Cabany 1245. (c)

FOR HIRE—5-passenger Hudson touring car; \$2.50 hour. Bell phone. Sider 3661. (c)

FOR HIRE—Clasy 5-passenger touring car; respectable trade only; \$3 hour. Bell phone. Sider 3661. (c)

FOR HIRE—For sale: 10-passenger touring car; good; seats, chairs, dishes. 3137 S. Jefferson. (c)

FOR HIRE—For sale: dresser and couch; good; beds, chairs, dishes. 3137 S. Jefferson. (c)

FOR HIRE—For sale: entire household furniture; also: 3 Revolition chairs. Main 2017. (c)

## FOR SALE

AUTOMOBILE—For sale: Ford rumbleseat, 1913 model, like new. 1125 Bayard. (c)

FURNITURE—For sale: \$100 worth of beau-

tiful furniture; good condition; mission style; also: 3 Revolition chairs. Main 2017. (c)

GASOLINE RANGE—For sale: and folding chair; good. 4205 S. Broadway. (c)

HOUSEHOLD—For sale: 10-passenger touring car; good condition; will sell for \$100. (c)

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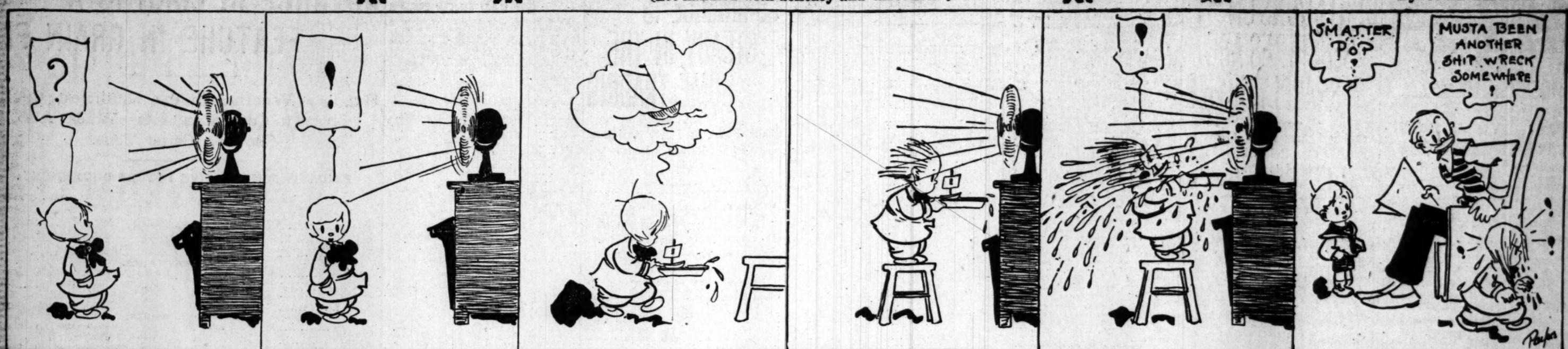
# POST-DISPATCH DAILY COMIC PAGE



S'MATTER POP?

(Many a great idea is spoiled because it is not handled with delicacy and affection)

Drawn for the Post-Dispatch  
By C. M. PAYNE



## The Jarr Family

A daily record written for the Post-Dispatch Comic Page.

By ROY L. MCCARDELL

Mr. Jarr touches his wife for two and gets one.

"CAN you let me have a couple of dollars?" asked Mr. Jarr, hesitating. "We only got a little change."

"You've nearly a dollar in silver in your pocket," said Mrs. Jarr, "and that ought to do you. I'm sure."

"How do you know I have nearly a dollar?" asked Mr. Jarr.

"Well—er—because, you should have much more than that. Look here, do you accuse me of having taken it?"

"No, not of having taken it. But at least you have made a recent nocturnal examination of my financial resources."

"I did not!" replied Mrs. Jarr indignantly. "The way you throw around your clothes, it's no wonder everything falls out of your pockets on the floor. I suppose you'd blame me if I left your money lying all over the floor."

"Never mind arguing that point," said Mrs. Jarr, who was willing to compromise the matter. "I need a couple of dollars—owe the paper man, and want to get something to smoke, you know." And Mr. Jarr held out his hand.

"Now, there you go!" cried Mrs. Jarr. "How can I pay the bills this week if you take all my money from me?"

"Why, I have a little bit or two to pay myself," faltered Mr. Jarr. "You know I let you have my whole roll."

"Better for me to have it than other people," said Mrs. Jarr. "Now please run away and don't get me upset this morning."

Mr. Jarr rubbed his chin reflectively.

He didn't want to kick up a row about such a paltry thing as money. But still he had some financial obligations at the office, being indebted to Jenkins for the personal advance of \$2. under solemn promise to settle the account this very day.

"Dog gone it! After this I'll take out my money first, before I hand over the week's pay," grumbled Mr. Jarr.

"You take out your money first, all right," said Mrs. Jarr. "You've spent \$8 as it is, and now you ask for more."

"I spent over \$4 taking you out last evening," explained Mr. Jarr.

"That isn't \$8," Mrs. Jarr retorted.

"And if it was I shouldn't think you'd be throwing it up at me. Before we were married you'd take me out and spend \$8 and never complain."

"Come, come," said Mr. Jarr, "this argument is not getting me anywhere and it's not getting me any money."

Mrs. Jarr sighed and searched around in the little pocketbook in the big wristbag that hung on a peg on the closet under a kid glove, a silk raincoat and a few other articles of burglar.

The search resulted in Mr. Jarr finding a Canadian dime, an Austrian coin of unknown value, but supposed to be worth about a cent and a half in American money, several coppers, and a quarter with all design long rubbed off face and back.

As Mrs. Jarr dropped the last bit of this dubious collection of currency into Mr. Jarr's extended palm she said:

"There, now! I hope you'll be satisfied!"

"I should be," said Mr. Jarr. "But I'm in the wholesale woolen trade. However, if I meet a junkman—"

"Don't try to be funny," said Mrs. Jarr.

"That's all the money I have in change. You're not to be trusted with a banknote. Besides, some of those coins may be very valuable, and I'm foolish to let you have them. I was reading in the newspaper the other day that a dollar of 1804 was worth \$10,000. That quarter may be even older than that; for the date and design are all worn off. You could say it was older. And for all you know it may be."

"True enough," said Mr. Jarr, returning this rare old coin with its other

## HOME WANTED!

(And even when babies do come to them they fail to recognize their blessings)

Drawn for the Post-Dispatch  
By CLAIRE VICTOR DWIGGINS



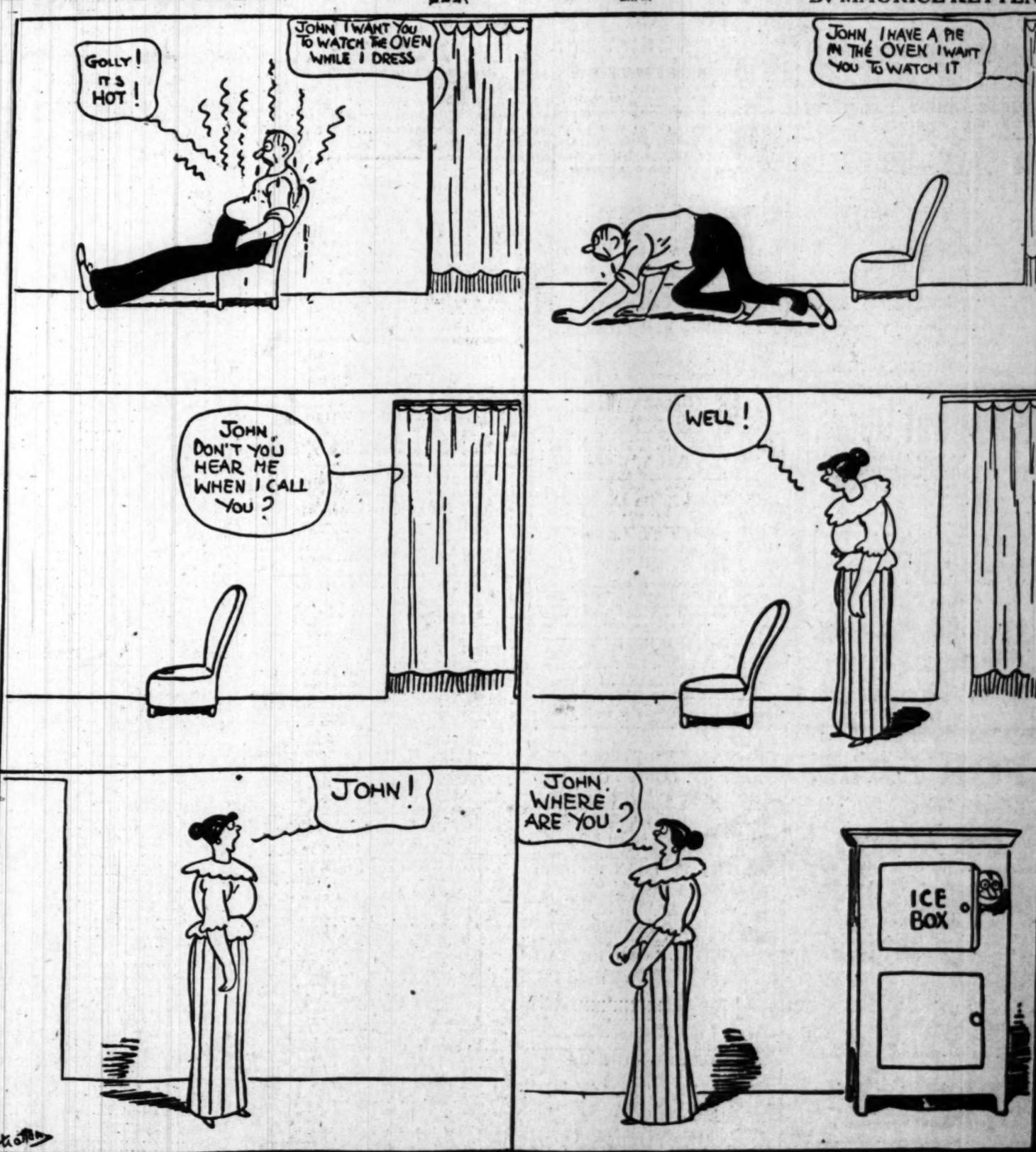
## EVER GO FISHING?

Drawn for the Post-Dispatch  
By MAURICE KETTEN.



## IN VACATION

Drawn for the Post-Dispatch  
By MAURICE KETTEN.



## Too Busy.

GOTHAM: How many buttons have your wife got on the back of her dress?

Flatbush: Oh, I'm sure I don't know.

"Why, you've buttoned it up for her enough, haven't you?"

"Oh, yes, a hundred times!"

"And you don't know how many buttons are there?"

"No, when I've been buttoning it up I've been too confounded busy to count the buttons!" — Yonkers Statesman.

Old Remedy Defeated.

"SORE throat, eh? Get your wife to give you one of her old stockings to wrap around your neck."

"Tried that and it did me no good."

"She had nothing but these new-fangled operations." — Washington Herald.

Riggs (facetiously): This is a picture of my wife's first husband.

Diggs: Silly looking guy! But, say, I didn't know your wife was married before she met you.

Riggs: She wasn't. This is a picture of myself when I was 28. — Boston Transcript.

## Ouch!

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"Why, you've buttoned it up for her enough, haven't you?"

"Oh, yes, a hundred times!"

"And you don't know how many buttons are there?"

"No, when I've been buttoning it up I've been too confounded busy to count the buttons!" — Yonkers Statesman.

No Difference.

"WHY, old man, I didn't know that she positively refused you."

"It amounted to the same thing."

"She does seem to be careful. If she continues to be reliable I believe I shall trust her with Fido."

## No Time Lost.

"WHO got ahead of me? You have only been here an hour."

"I had a slight flirtation with the hotel clerk."

"Almost," answered the summer girl.

## Wuff!

"I DON'T like that osified man,"

"I said the Circassian Lady."

"What's the matter with him?"

"Asked the Snake Charmer."

"Oh, he's so hard to get ac-

quainted with," replied the Circassian Lady. — Cincinnati Enquirer.

If you have a message that is worth while—something to buy or sell—

you seek employment or want to

Post-Dispatch Wants you as a subscriber.